## HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

Unit I	Theories of Human Development and Behaviour:
	– Meaning, Types and Functions of theory,
	- Theoretical Perspective of Human Development and Behaviour,
	– Theories – Developmental theory, Ethological and Ecological theory,
	Personality theory, Theory of Learning, Social learning Theory, Cognitive
	Development Theory, Theory of Moral and Language Development
Unit II	Methods and Techniques of Assessment in Human Development:
	– Meaning, Objectives, Significance, types & approaches in research
	<ul> <li>Scientific methods and Use of objective measures</li> </ul>
	– Assessment and Development of tests/scale, standardization procedure,
	types of scales;
	– Methods of Studying Growth and Body Size; Assessment of Mental ability;
	Measurement of Social and Emotional Development; Personality
	assessment; Assessment of Attitude, Aptitude, Interest and Achievement
Unit III	Advanced Life Span Development:
	– Introduction, Need of interdisciplinary approach to study life span
	development;
	<ul> <li>Basic concepts of development and developmental tasks</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Role of heredity and environment in development.</li> </ul>
	- Stages of Life span development from Prenatal through old age -
	Definition, Characteristics, Developmental tasks, All round developments
Unit IV	Early Childhood Care And Education:
	- Need and importance, objectives, types of preschool
	- Contributions of Educators, Agencies and Five year plans
	<ul> <li>Organizational set up of Early childhood Educational Institutions</li> </ul>
	- Curriculum and Programme Planning for Early childhood Education -
	Definition, principles, types of planning, curriculum models, types of
	preschool programmes, Play and learning activities and teacher's role,
	Parent – Teacher Interaction
Unit V	Challenged children and special education.
	- Definition, need for recognizing individual differences, Various approaches
	in defining and understanding disability
	- Need and types of Special Education Programmes and Policies, Philosophy
	of inclusions, Role of family and community in management of challenged
	children
	– Definition, classification, identification, causes, rehabilitation and
	management of challenged children – Physically challenged, sensory
	impairment, intellectually challenged and superior children, communication
	disorders, learning disabilities, emotional and socially disturbed children
	- Role of family and community in rehabilitation and management of
	challenged children

Unit VI	Advanced studies in family:
	<ul> <li>Family and changes in family structure in India - Meaning and functions of family; types of family structure; Alternative Families</li> <li>Marriage and Marital adjustment – meaning, forms and functions of marriage; Alternative marriages; Facilitating and debilitating factors for marital adjustment, Impact of marital problems on family members</li> <li>Family Life Cycle and Developmental tasks, Role expectations at various stages.</li> <li>Disorganized and reorganized families, Crisis in family and family therapy</li> </ul>
Unit VII	Women and children in difficult circumstances:
	<ul> <li>Women in difficult circumstances - Issues and challenges, Categories of difficult circumstances, demographic statistics, causative factors, health status, life style, problems, prevention control, rehabilitation and intervention programmes.</li> <li>Children in difficult circumstances - Issues and challenges, Categories of difficult circumstances, demographic statistics, causative factors, health status, life style, problems, prevention control, rehabilitation and intervention programmes.</li> </ul>
Unit VIII	Women and Child welfare Programmes
	<ul> <li>Women welfare programmes – Concept of schemes, Agencies and training centers for rehabilitation, Employment and Income generating programmes, Legislation for Women's Welfare</li> <li>Child welfare programmes - Concept of various programmes and services; Agencies and Training centre for Rehabilitation of children; Girl child protection schemes, Legislation Related to Child Welfare.</li> <li>Method of appraisal, Process of monitoring, Sustainability of analysis and Significance in developmental programmes for women and children</li> </ul>
Unit IX	Problems during Childhood and Adolescence
	<ul> <li>Problems of children – Definition and concept of childhood and problem, types of problems, common childhood behavioral problems and emotional and behavioral disorder; causes and management, role of parents, teachers and counselor dealing with problematic children.</li> <li>Problems of adolescence - Definition and concept of adolescence and problem, Psych-socio-physiological problems, Educational and vocational problems, causes and management, role of parents, family and counselor dealing with problematic adolescents</li> </ul>
Unit X	Gerontology – challenges and care
	<ul> <li>Gerontology - Emergence and Scope, Concept of aging and aging process, Biological, psychological, sociological aspects of aging</li> <li>Physical and mental health challenges and care – factors influencing on health status and care required for the aged</li> <li>Changing roles and adjustment in family and society, work and leisure time activities</li> <li>Welfare for the aged – categories of services and institutions for the aged, economic programmes and Legislation/Acts for the welfare of the aged</li> </ul>