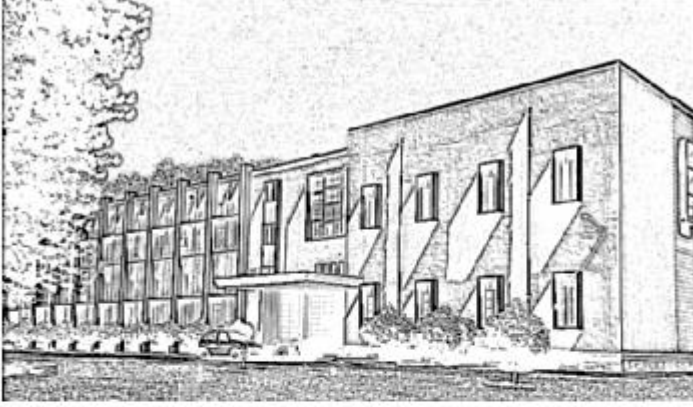


ಪಠ್ಯಕ್ರಮ :



**Course Structure and Syllabus for
B.Sc.(Hon.) and M.Sc.(Physics)
under Flexible Choice Based Credit Scheme (FCBCS)
2017-19**



Department of Studies in Physics
University of Mysore, Manasagangotri, MYSURU 570 006
<http://uomphysics.net>

General Information about FCBCS

- The Master's Degree program is of 4 semesters-two years duration. A candidate can avail a maximum of 8 semesters 4 years (in one stretch) to complete Masters Degree (including blank semesters, if any). Whenever a candidate opts for blank semester(s), he/she has to study the prevailing courses offered by the department as per the prevailing scheme.
- A candidate has to earn a minimum of 76 credits, for successful completion of the Masters degree. The credits to be earned should be as per the distribution

shown below.

Course Type Credits

Hard Core : A minimum of 24

Soft Core : A minimum of 20

Open Elective : 4

- A candidate can register for a maximum of 24 credits per semester.
- Only such candidates who register for a minimum of 18 credits per semester in the _rst two semesters and complete successfully 76 credits in 4 successive semesters shall be considered for declaration of ranks, medals and are eligible to apply for student fellowship, scholarship, free ships and hostel facilities.
- A candidate admitted to Masters program can exercise an option to exit with Bachelor Honors degree / PG diploma after earning 40 credits successfully.
- The evaluation of the candidate shall be based on continuous assessment. The period of formative assessment is split into 3 components|C1, C2, and C3. At the end of each semester there will be a summative assessment C4 conducted for 40%.
- Minor/ Major Project will be evaluated for 20%, and the _nal viva voce and report evaluation will be for 40% as C4.
- A candidate should have a minimum of 75% attendance by the end of 16th week in each paper, else he/she is considered to have DROPPed the paper.
- In case a candidate secures less than 40% in C1, C2 and C3 put together in a course, the candidate is said to have DROPPED that paper, and such a candidate is not allowed to appear for C4 in that paper.

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General Information about FCBCS

- The student can approach the teaching faculty for any clari_cation in the marks scored in C1, C2, or C3. Once satis_ed, he/she will sign a register containng those scores. A student can appeal for revaluation of C4 scores within 10 days of the announcement of results. The Department Council will take the necessary action. If the student is still not satis_ed, he/she can appeal to the Registrar (Evaluation).
- In case a candidate secures less than 40% in C4, he/she may choose DROP/MAKE-UP option. If he/she chooses the MAKE-UP option, it has to be completed during 19{21 week of the same semester. If the candidate fails to secure 40% even in the MAKE-UP evaluation, he/she is considered to have DROPPed the course. The candidate has to exercise his/her option to DROP immediately within a week from the date of noti_cation of results.
- A candidate has to re-register for the DROPPed course when the course is o_ered again by the department, if it is a hard core course. The candidate may choose the same or an alternate core/elective in case the dropped course is soft core / elective course. A candidate who is said to have DROPPed project work may re-register for the same subsequently within the stipulated period. The details of any DROPPed course will not appear in the grade card.
- Upon successful completion of Bachelors Honors / Masters degree a _nal grade card consisting of grades of all courses successfully completed by the candidate will be issued by the Registrar (Evaluation).
- The classi_cation of results is by the _nal Qualitative Index awarded to the student which is based CGPA as shown below:

CGPA Qualitative Index

5 _ CGPA < 6 Second class

6 _ CGPA < 8 First class

8 _ CGPA < 10 Distinction

Overall percentage = 10 _ CGPA

- In case there are any issues not addressed in these regulations, the decision of the Vice-Chancellor on the advice of the Board of Studies will be _nal.

To know the complete regulations presently in force at the university, please

visit the university website

<http://uni-mysore.ac.in>

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Credit Pattern for M.Sc.(Physics) 2017–19

Semester 1

Paper Credits (L+T+P)

Hard Core Papers

PHY101 Classical Mechanics 3 + 0 + 0 = 3

PHY102 Mathematical Methods of Physics 1 3 + 0 + 0 = 3

PHY103 Mathematical Methods of Physics 2 3 + 0 + 0 = 3

PHY104 Classical Electrodynamics, and Optics 3 + 0 + 0 = 3

PHY105 Computer Lab CL-A 0 + 0 + 2 = 2

Soft Core Papers

PHY106 Optics Lab_ 0 + 0 + 4 = 4

PHY107 Electronics Lab_ 0 + 0 + 4 = 4

_A student can opt either for PHY106 or PHY107.

L: Lecture; T: Tutorial; P: Practicals

Credits earned : Hard core : 14; Soft core : 4

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PHY101 : Classical Mechanics

Mechanics of a system of particles: Conservation of linear and angular momenta in the absence of (net) external forces and torques using centre of mass. The energy equation and the total potential energy of a system of particles using scalar potential. The Lagrangean method: Constraints and their classifications. Generalized coordinates. Virtual displacement, D'Alembert's principle and Lagrangean equations of the second kind. Examples of (I) single particle in Cartesian, spherical polar and cylindrical polar coordinate systems, (II) Atwood's machine and (III) a bead sliding on a rotating wire in a force-free space, (IV) Simple pendulum. Derivation of Lagrange equation from Hamilton principle.

Motion of a particle in a central force field: Binet equation for central orbit (Lagrangean method).

[16 hours]

Hamilton's equations: Generalized momenta. Hamilton's equations. Examples| simple harmonic oscillator, simple pendulum, compound pendulum, motion of a particle in a central force field, charged particle moving in an electromagnetic field and Hamiltonian for a free particle in different coordinates. Cyclic coordinates. Physical significance of the Hamiltonian function. Derivation of Hamilton's equations from a variational principle.

Canonical transformations: Definition, Generating functions (Four basic types), examples of Canonical transformations. Harmonic oscillator as an example to canonical transformation, Infinitesimal contact transformation. Poisson brackets; properties of Poisson brackets, angular momentum and Poisson bracket relations. Equation of motion in the Poisson bracket notation. The Hamilton-Jacobi equation; the example of the harmonic oscillator treated by the Hamilton-Jacobi method.

[16 hours]

Mechanics of rigid bodies: Degrees of freedom of a free rigid body, Angular momentum and kinetic energy of rigid body. Moment of inertia tensor, principal moments of inertia, products of inertia, the inertia tensor. Euler equations of motion for a rigid body. Torque free motion of a rigid body. Precession of earth's axis of rotation, Euler angles, angular velocity of a rigid body.

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Small oscillations of mechanical system: Introduction, types of equilibria,

Quadratic forms of kinetic and potential energies of a system in a equilibrium, General

theory of small oscillations, secular equation and eigenvalue equation, small oscillations in normal coordinates and normal modes, examples of two coupled oscillators, vibrations of a linear triatomic molecule.

[16 hours]

References

- Upadhyaya J.C., Classical mechanics, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai. 2006. (Unit 1. Chapter 1 and 2 page No. 1-50.)
- Goldstein H., Poole C. and Safko J., Classical mechanics, 3rd Edn., Pearson Education, New Delhi. 2002. (Unit 1, Chapter 1 page 1-14, 16-21, 24-29)
- Srinivasa Rao K.N., Classical mechanics, Universities Press, Hyderabad. 2003.
- Takwale R.G. and Puranik S., Introduction to classical mechanics, Tata McGraw, New Delhi, 1991.
- Landau L.D. and Lifshitz E.M., Classical mechanics, 4th Edn., Pergamon Press, 1985.

PHY102 : Mathematical Methods of Physics 1

Tensor analysis: Curvilinear coordinates, tensors and transformation theory: Tensors of rank r as a r -linear form in base vectors. Transformation rules for base vectors and tensor components. Invariance of tensors under transformation of coordinates. Sum, difference and outer products of tensors, Contraction. Curvilinear coordinates in the Euclidean 3-space. Covariant and contravariant basis vectors. Covariant and contravariant components of the metric tensor. Raising and lowering of indices. Differentials of base vectors. Christoffel symbols. Covariant differentiation. The contracted Christoffel symbol. Grad, divergence, curl and Laplacian in arbitrary curvilinear coordinates.

[16 hours]

Special functions: Differential equations, Hermite and Laguerre functions: Partial differential equations, Separation of variables- Helmholtz equation in cartesian, cylindrical and spherical polar coordinates. Differential equations: Regular and irregular singular points of a second order ordinary differential equations. Series solutions (Frobenius method. Examples of Harmonic oscillator and Bessel's equation. Linear dependence DoS in Physics, Univ. of Mysore, Mysuru 570 006, India 5

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and independence of solutions-Wronskian. Hermite functions: Solution to the Hermite equation, Generating functions, Recurrence relations, Rodrigues representation, Orthogonality. Laguerre functions: Differential equation and its solution, -Laguerre polynomials, Generating function, Recurrence relations, Rodrigues representation, Orthogonality. Associated Laguerre functions: Definition, Generating function, Recurrence relations and orthogonality. The gamma function and beta function; definition and simple properties.

[16 hours]

Linear vector space: Definition. Linear dependence and independence of vectors. Dimension. Basis. Change of basis. Subspace. Isomorphism of vector spaces. Linear operators. Matrix representative of a linear operator in a given basis. Effect of change of basis. Invariant subspace. Eigenvalues and eigenvectors. Characteristic equation. The Schur canonical form. Diagonalisation of a normal matrix. Schur's theorem.

[16 hours]

References

- Arfken G.B. and Weber H.J., Mathematical methods for physicists, 4th Edn., Academic Press, New York (Prism Books, Bangalore, India), 1995.
- Harris E.G., Introduction to modern theoretical physics, Vol. 1, John Wiley, New York, 1975.
- Srinivasa Rao K.N., The rotation and Lorentz groups and their representations for physicists, Wiley Eastern, New Delhi, 2003.
- Shankar R., Principles of quantum mechanics, 2nd Edn., Plenum Press, New York, 1984.

PHY103 : Mathematical Methods of Physics 2

Linear representations of groups Groups of regular matrices; the general linear groups $GL(n;C)$ and $GL(n;R)$. The special linear groups $SL(n;C)$ and $SL(n;R)$. The unitary groups $U(n)$ and $SU(n)$. The orthogonal groups $O(n;C)$, $O(n;R)$, $SO(n;C)$ and $SO(n;R)$.

Rotation group The matrix exponential function|De_inition and properties. Rotation matrix in terms of axis and angle. Eigen values of a rotation matrix. Euler resolution

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of a rotation. De_inition of a representation. Equivalence. Reducible and irreducible representations. Schur's lemma. Construction of the $D_{1=2}$ and D_1 representation of $SO(3)$ by exponentiation. Mention of the D_j irreps $SO(3)$.

[16 hours]

Special functions: Sturm Liouville theory, Bessel functions, Legendre functions and Spherical harmonics: Sturm Liouville theory: Self adjoint ODE's, Hermitian operators, completeness of eigenfunctions, Green's function|eigenfunction expansion. Bessel functions: Bessel functions of the _rst kind $J_\nu(x)$. Bessel di_ifferential equation, generating function for $J_\nu(x)$, integrals for $J_0(x)$ and $J_\nu(x)$, recurrence formulae for $J_\nu(x)$, orthogonal properties of Bessels polynomials. Legendre functions: Legendre di_ifferential equation, Legendre polynomials, generating functions, recurrence formulae, Rodrigues representation, orthogonality. Associated Legendre polynomials. The di_ifferential equation, orthogonality relation. Spherical harmonics: De_inition and orthogonality.

[16 hours]

Fourier transforms and integral equations: Integral transforms, Development of the Fourier integral. Fourier transforms-inversion theorem. Fourier transform of derivatives. Convolution theorem. Momentum representation, Integral equations: Types of linear integral equations|de_initions. Transformation of a di_ifferential equation into an integral equation. Abel's equation, Neumann series, separable kernels.

[16 hours]

References

• Srinivasa Rao K.N., The rotation and Lorentz groups and their representations for physicists, Wiley Eastern, New Delhi, 1988.

• Arfken G.B. and Weber H.J., Mathematical methods for physicists, 5th. Edn., Academic Press, New York, 2001. Page no.621{630, 675{694, 741{770.

• Guptha B.D., Mathematical physics, 4th Edn, 2011. Page no. 8.48{8.83, 8.16-8.48

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PHY104 : Classical Electrodynamics, Plasma Physics and Optics

Electric multipole moments: The electric dipole and multipole moments of a system of charges. Multipole expansion of the scalar potential of an arbitrary charge distribution.

Potential formulation: Maxwell equations in terms of electromagnetic potentials.

Gauge transformations. The Lorentz, Coulomb and radiation gauges.

Fields of moving charges and radiation: The retarded potentials. The Lienard-Wiechert potentials. Fields due to an arbitrarily moving point charge. The special case of a charge moving with constant velocity.

Radiating systems: Radiation from an oscillating dipole. Power radiated by a point charges|Larmor formula. Lienard's generalisation of Larmor formula. Energy loss in bremsstrahlung and linear accelerators. Radiation reaction|Abraham-Lorentz formula.

[16 hours]

Relativistic electrodynamics: Charge and _elds as observed in di_erent frames.

Covariant formulation of electrodynamics-Electromagnetic _eld tensor-Transformation of _elds - Field due to a point charge in uniform motion-Lagrangian formulation of the motion of charged particle in an electromagnetic _eld.

Plasma physics: Quasineutrality of a plasma-plasma behaviour in magnetic _elds,

Plasma as a conducting uid, magnetohydrodynamics, magnetic con_ement, Pinch

e_ect, instabilities, Plasma waves.

[16 hours]

Electromagnetic waves: Monochromatic plane waves|velocity, phase and polarization. Propagation of plane electromagnetic waves in (a) conducting media and (b) ionized gases. Reflection and refraction of electromagnetic waves|Fresnel formulae for parallel and perpendicular components. Brewster law. Normal and anomalous dispersion|Clausius-Mossotti relation.

Interference: General theory of interference of two monochromatic waves. Two-beam and Multiple-beam interference with a plane-parallel plate. Fabry-Perot interferometer|etalon construction, resolving power and its application. Interference filters.

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Diffraction: Integral theorem of Helmholtz and Kirchoff. Fresnel-Kirchoff diffraction formula|conditions for Fraunhofer and Fresnel diffraction. Fraunhofer diffraction due to a circular aperture.

[16 hours]

References

- Griffiths D.J., Introduction to electrodynamics, 5th Edn., Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi, 2006.
- Jackson J.D., Classical electrodynamics, 2nd Edn., Wiley-Eastern Ltd, India, 1998.
- Born M. and Wolf E., Principles of optics, 6th Edn., Pergamon Press, Oxford, 1980.
- Matveev A.N., Optics, Mir Publishers, Moscow, 1988.
- Laud B.B., Electromagnetics, Wiley Eastern Limited, India, 2000.

PHY105 : Computer Lab CL-A

• Linux operating system basics (4 sessions) :

Login procedure; creating, deleting directories; copy, delete, renaming files; absolute and relative paths; Permissions|setting, changing; Using text editor.

• Scientific text processing with L^AT_EX.

Typeset text using text effects, special symbols, lists, table, mathematics and including figures in documents.

• Using the plotting program GNUPLOT (2 sessions) :

Plotting commands; To plot data from an experiment and applying least-squares fit to the data points. Including a plot in a L^AT_EX file.

• Using the mathematics package OCTAVE (2 sessions) To compute functions, matrices, eigenvalues, inverse, roots.

Total work load :1 day(s) per week × 4 hours × 16 weeks 64 hours

PHY106 : Optics Lab

Any ten of the following experiments:

- Verification of the Brewster law of polarisation.
- Verification of Fresnel laws of reflection from a plane dielectric surface.
- Determination of the inversion temperature of the copper-iron thermocouple.

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- Birefringence of mica by using the Babinet compensator.
- Birefringence of mica by using the quarter-wave plate.
- Experiments with the Michelson interferometer.
- Determination of the refractive index of air by Jamin interferometer.
- Determination of the size of lycopodium spores by the method of diffraction haloes.
- Determination of wavelength by using the Fabry-Perot etalon.
- Dispersion of the birefringence of quartz.
- The Franck-Hertz experiment.

- Experiments with the laser.
- Determination of the Stokes vector of a partially polarised light beam
- Determination of the modes of vibration of a fixed-free bar.

Total work load :2 day(s) per week × 4 hours × 16 weeks 128 hours

PHY107 : Electronics Lab

Any ten of the following experiments:

- Regulated power supply.
- Active filters : low pass (single pole).
- Active filters : high pass (double pole).
- Voltage follower.
- Colpitts' oscillator.
- Opamp as an integrator and differentiator.
- Opamp as a summing and log amplifier.
- Opamp as an inverting and non-inverting amplifier.
- Decoder and encoder.
- Half adder and full adder.
- Boolean algebra-Logic gates.
- Opamp astable multivibrator.

Total work load :2 day(s) per week × 4 hours × 16 weeks 128 hours

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- Birefringence of mica by using the Babinet compensator.
- Birefringence of mica by using the quarter-wave plate.
- Experiments with the Michelson interferometer.
- Determination of the refractive index of air by Jamin interferometer.
- Determination of the size of lycopodium spores by the method of diffraction haloes.
- Determination of wavelength by using the Fabry-Perot etalon.
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- The Franck-Hertz experiment.
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- Determination of the Stokes vector of a partially polarised light beam
- Determination of the modes of vibration of a fixed-free bar.

Total work load :2 day(s) per week × 4 hours × 16 weeks 128 hours

PHY107 : Electronics Lab

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- Regulated power supply.
- Active filters : low pass (single pole).
- Active filters : high pass (double pole).
- Voltage follower.
- Colpitts' oscillator.
- Opamp as an integrator and differentiator.
- Opamp as a summing and log amplifier.
- Opamp as an inverting and non-inverting amplifier.
- Decoder and encoder.
- Half adder and full adder.
- Boolean algebra-Logic gates.
- Opamp astable multivibrator.

Total work load :2 day(s) per week × 4 hours × 16 weeks 128 hours

PHY201 : Continuum Mechanics and Relativity

Continuum mechanics of solid media: Small deformations of an elastic solid; the strain tensor. The stress tensor. Equations of equilibrium and the symmetry of the

stress tensor. The generalised Hooke law for a homogeneous elastic medium; the elastic DoS in Physics, Univ. of Mysore, Mysuru 570 006, India 13

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modulus tensor. Navier equations of motion for a homogeneous isotropic medium.

Fluid mechanics: Equation of continuity. Flow of a viscous uid|Navier-Stokes equation and its solution for the case of a ow through a cylindrical pipe. The Poiseuille formula.

[16 hours]

Minkowski space time: Real coordinates in Minkowski space time. De_nition of 4-tensors. The Minkowski scalar product and the Minkowski metric $\eta_{ij} = \text{diag}(1; \square 1; \square 1; \square 1)$. Orthogonality of 4-vectors. Raising and lowering of 4-tensor indices. Time like, null, and space like vectors and world-lines. The light-cone at an event.

Relativistic mechanics of a material particle: The proper-time interval $d\tau$ along the world-line of a material particle. The instantaneous (inertial) rest-frame of a material particle and the components of 4-velocity, 4-acceleration and the 4-momentum vector in this frame. Statement of second law of Newton in this frame. Determination of the fourth component F_4 of the 4-force along the world-line of the particle. Motion of a particle under the conservative 3-force \vec{F} and the energy integral. The rest energy and the relativistic kinetic energy of a particle.

[16 hours]

Einstein's equations: The Principle of Equivalence and general covariance, inertial mass, gravitational mass, E \square btv \square bs experiment, gravitation as space time curvature, Gravitational \square eld equations of Einstein and its Newtonian limits.

The Schwarzschild metric: Heuristic derivation of the Schwarzschild line element.

Motion of particles and light rays in the Schwarzschild \square eld. Explanation of the (a) perihelion advance of planet Mercury, (b) gravitational red shift and (c) gravitational bending of light. A brief discussion of the Schwarzschild singularity and the Schwarzschild black hole.

[16 hours]

References

- Landau L.D. and Lifshitz E.M., Fluid mechanics, Pergamon Press, 1987.
- Landau L.D. and Lifshitz E.M., Theory of elasticity, Pergamon Press, 1987.
- Synge J.L., Relativity: The special theory, North-Holland, 1972.

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- Landau L.D. and Lifshitz E.M., The classical theory of \square elds, 4th Edn., (Sections 1 to 6, 16 to 18, 23 to 25, 26 to 35), Pergamon Press, Oxford, 1985.
- Wald R.M., General relativity, The University of Chicago Press, Chicago, 1984.
- Schutz B.F., A \square rst course in general relativity, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1985.
- Bergman P., Introduction to theory of relativity, Prentice-Hall of India, 1969.
- Rindler R., Relativity: Special, general and cosmological, Oxford University Press, 2006.

PHY202 : Thermal Physics

Thermodynamics preliminaries: A brief overview of thermodynamics, Maxwell's relations, speci_c heats from thermodynamic relations, the third law of thermodynamics.

Applications of thermodynamics: Thermodynamic description of phase transitions, Surface e_ects in condensation. Phase equilibria; Equilibrium conditions; Classi_cation of phase transitions; phase diagrams; Clausius-Clapeyron equation, applications. Van der Waals' equation of state. Irreversible thermodynamics|Onsager's reciprocal relation, thermoelectric phenomenon, Peltier e_ect, Seebeck e_ect, Thompson e_ect, systems far from equilibrium.

[16 hours]

Classical statistical mechanics: Phase space, division of phase space into cells, ensembles, ergodic hypotheses, average values in phase space, density distribution in phase space. Liouville theorem, statistical equilibrium, postulate of equal a priori probability, Stirling's formula, concept of probability, microstates and macrostates, general expression for probability, the most probable distribution, Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution, microcanonical ensemble, canonical ensemble, grand canonical ensemble, partition function of system of particles, translational partition function (monoatomic). Boltzmann theorem of equipartition of energy, vibrational partition function of diatomic molecules (Einstein relations), rotational partition function (diatomic).

[16 hours]

Quantum statistical mechanics: The postulates of quantum statistical mechanics. Symmetry of wave functions. The Liouville theorem in quantum statistical mechanics; condition for statistical equilibrium; Ensembles in quantum mechanics; The quantum distribution functions (Bose Einstein and Fermi Dirac); the Boltzmann limit of Boson and Fermion gases; the derivation of the corresponding distribution functions.

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Applications of quantum statistics: Equation of state of an ideal Fermi gas (derivation not expected), application of Fermi-Dirac statistics to the theory of free electrons in metals. Application of Bose Einstein statistics to the photon gas, derivation of Planck's law, comments on the rest mass of photons, Thermodynamics of Black body radiation. Bose-Einstein condensation.

[16 hours]

References

- Agarwal B.K. and Eisner M., Statistical mechanics, New Age International Publishers, 2000.
- Roy S.K., Thermal physics and statistical mechanics, New Age International Pub., 2000.
- Huang K., Statistical mechanics, Wiley-Eastern, 1975.
- Laud B.B., Fundamentals of statistical mechanics, New Age International Pub., India, 2000, p6{39, p77{105.
- Gopal E.S.R., Statistical mechanics and properties of matter, Ellis Horwood Ltd., UK, 1976, p34{77.
- Schroeder D.V., An introduction to thermal physics, Pearson Education New Delhi, 2008.
- Salinas S.R.A., Introduction to statistical physics, Springer, 2004.

PHY203 : Quantum Mechanics 1

Introduction: The wave function, The Schrodinger equation, The statistical interpretation, Probability, discrete and continuous variables, Normalisation, Momentum, The Uncertainty Principle [Gri_ths, Chap. 1].

The time-independent Schrodinger equation: Stationary states, The Infinite square well, The Harmonic Oscillator, Algebraic and analytic methods, The Free Particle, The Delta-Function Potential, The Finite Square Well [Gri_ths, Chap. 2].

[16 hours]

Formalism: Hilbert space, Observables, Eigenfunctions of a Hermitian operator.

The Generalized Statistical Interpretation, The Uncertainty Principle, Dirac notation.

[Gri_ths, Chap. 3].

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Quantum Mechanics in three dimensions, Schrodinger Equations in Spherical Coordinates, The Hydrogen Atom, Angular Momentum, Spin [Gri_ths, p143{189].

Identical particles: two particle systems, atoms, solids. [Gri_ths, p218{222].

[16 hours]

The time-independent perturbation theory: Nondegenerate Perturbation Theory, First and second order perturbation, Degenerate Perturbation Theory, The Fine Structure of Hydrogen, The Zeeman Effect. The Variation Principle: Theory, The Ground State of

Helium, The Hydrogen Molecule Ion. The WKB Approximation: The Classical Region, Tunneling [Gri_ths, p261{273, 278{282, 289{292, 305{320, 327{337}].

PHY204 : Spectroscopy and Fourier Optics

Atomic spectroscopy: Spectroscopic terms and their notations. Spin-orbit interaction, quantum mechanical relativity correction; Lamb shift. Zeeman effect, Normal and anomalous Zeeman effect, Paschen-Back effect. Stark effect, Weak field and strong field effects. Hyperfine structure of spectral lines: Nuclear spin and hyperfine splitting, intensity ratio and determination of nuclear spin. Breadth of spectral lines, natural breadth, Doppler effect and external effect.

[16 hours]

Nuclear magnetic resonance: Quantum mechanical expression for the resonance condition. Relaxation Mechanisms: Expression for spin lattice relaxation. Chemical shift: spin-spin interaction. Example of ethyl alcohol. Fourier transform technique in NMR. FTNMR spectrometer and experimental procedure. Note on NMR in medicine. Microwave spectroscopy: The classification of molecules. The rotational spectra of rigid diatomic rotator and spectra of non-rigid diatomic rotator. Note on microwave oven.

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Infrared spectroscopy: Vibrational energy of diatomic molecule. Anharmonic oscillator The diatomic vibrating rotator, example of the CO molecule. The vibrations of polyatomic molecules; skeletal and group frequencies. Experimental technique in FTIR.

Raman spectroscopy: The quantum theory of Raman effect. Pure rotational Raman spectra of linear molecules and symmetric top molecules. Vibrational Raman spectra. Rotational fine structure. Instrumentation technique in Raman spectroscopy.

[16 hours]

Fourier optics: Spatial frequency filter{effect of a thin lens on an incident field distribution. Lens as a Fourier transforming element. Application to phase contrast microscopy.

Propagation of light in an anisotropic medium: Structure of a plane electromagnetic wave in an anisotropic medium. Dielectric tensor. Fresnel's formulae for the light propagation in crystals. Ellipsoid of wave normals and ray normals. The normal and ray surface. Optical classification of crystals. Light propagation in uniaxial and biaxial crystals. Refraction in crystals. Elements of non-linear optics: Second harmonic generation, optical rectification and phase matching; third harmonic generation.

[16 hours]

References

- Tralli N. and Pomilla P.R., Atomic theory, McGraw-Hill, New York, 1999.
- Banwell C.N. and McCash E.M., Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy, 4th Edn., Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 1995.
- Hecht E., Optics, Addison-Wesley, 2002.
- Lipson S.G., Lipson H. and Tannhauser D.S., Optical physics, Cambridge University Press, USA, 1995.

PHY205 : Computer Lab CL-B

Programming in C

- Check whether given number is odd or even.
- Find the largest and smallest number in the input set.
- Compute the Fibonacci sequence.
- Check whether the input number is prime or not.

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- Compute the roots of a quadratic equation.
- Generate Pascal's triangle.
- To add two $m \times n$ matrices.
- To find the sum and average of a data stored in a file.

- Linear least-squares fitting to data in a file.
- To find the trajectory of a projectile shot with an initial velocity at an angle. Also, find the maximum height travelled and distance travelled. Write the trajectory data to a file specified and plot using Gnuplot.

Programming in Perl

- Searching for a pattern in a string.
- Counting the number of characters, words and lines in a given file.
- Sorting strings.
- Check whether the input number is prime or not.
- Compute the roots of a quadratic equation.
- Linear least squares fitting to data in a file.

Total work load :1 day(s) per week × 4 hours × 16 weeks 64 hours

PHY206 : Optics Lab

For those who have completed PHY107

Any ten of the following experiments:

- Verification of the Brewster law of polarisation.
- Verification of Fresnel laws of reflection from a plane dielectric surface.
- Determination of the inversion temperature of the copper-iron thermocouple.
- Birefringence of mica by using the Babinet compensator.
- Birefringence of mica by using the quarter-wave plate.
- Experiments with the Michelson interferometer.
- Determination of the refractive index of air by Jamin interferometer
- Determination of the size of lycopodium spores by the method of diffraction haloes.
- Determination of wavelength by using the Fabry-Perot etalon.
- Dispersion of the birefringence of quartz.
- The Franck-Hertz experiment.
- Experiments with the laser.
- Determination of the Stokes vector of a partially polarised light beam
- Determination of the modes of vibration of a fixed-free bar.

Total work load :2 day(s) per week × 4 hours × 16 weeks 128 hours

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PHY207 : Electronics Lab

For those who have completed PHY106

Any ten of the following experiments:

- Regulated power supply.
- Active filters : low pass (single pole).
- Active filters : high pass (double pole).
- Voltage follower.
- Colpitts' oscillator.
- Opamp as an integrator and differentiator.
- Opamp as a summing and log amplifier.
- Opamp as an inverting and non-inverting amplifier.
- Coder and encoder.
- Half adder and full adder.
- Boolean algebra-Logic gates.
- Opamp astable multivibrator.

Total work load :2 day(s) per week × 4 hours × 16 weeks 128 hours

PHY211 : Modern Physics

Paper to be offered to Non-Physics Postgraduate students

Nuclear physics: A brief overview of nuclear physics. Nuclear reactions, a brief description of nuclear models. Interactions of X-rays and γ -rays with matter, slowing down and absorption of neutrons. Fundamental particles, classification of fundamental particles, fundamental forces, conservation laws in particle physics, a brief outline of the

quark model.

Nuclear power: Nuclear fission, fission chain reaction, self sustaining reaction, uncontrolled reaction, nuclear bomb. Nuclear reactors, different types of reactors and reactors in India. Nuclear waste management. Nuclear fusion, fusion reactions in the atmosphere. Radiation effects|dosage calculation. Nuclear energy|applications and disadvantages.

[16 hours]

Condensed matter physics: Amorphous and crystalline state of matter. Crystal systems. Liquid crystals. X-ray diffraction|Bragg equation. Structure of NaCl.

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FTIR|Experiment analysis. NMR|Experiment and analysis. Electrical conductivity of metals and semiconductor. Magnetic materials|para, ferro, ferri and anti-magnetism. Dielectrics|para, ferro, pyro and piezo properties. Symmetry in physics.

[16 hours]

Quantum physics: Qualitative discussion. Molecules, atoms, nucleus, nucleons, quarks and gluons. Particle physics (qualitative). Stern-Gerlach experiment and consequences.

Uncertainty relation. Hydrogen atom. Positron annihilation. Laser trapping and cooling. Ion traps. Electromagnetic, strong, weak and gravitational forces. Big Bang theory, String theory. Large Hadron Collider experiment, consequences. Higgs Boson.

[16 hours]

Tutorial [32 hours]

References

- Ghoshal S.N., Atomic and nuclear physics, Vol.2., S. Chand and Company, Delhi, 1994.
- Evans R.D., Atomic nucleus, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1976.
- Penrose R., Road to Reality, Vintage Books, 2007.
- Ladd M.F.C. and Palmer R.A., Structure determination by X-ray crystallography, Plenum Press, USA, 2003.
- De Gennes P.G. and Prost J., The physics of liquid crystals, 2nd Edn., Clarendon Press, Oxford, 1998.
- Myer R., Kennard E.H. and Lauritsern T., Introduction to modern physics, 5th Edn., McGraw-Hill, New York, 1955.
- Halliday D., Resnick R. and Merrill J., Fundamentals of physics, Extended 3rd Edn., John Wiley, New York, 1988.

PHY301 : Nuclear and Particle Physics

Properties of the nucleus: Nuclear radius-determination by mirror nuclei, mesic X-rays and electron scattering methods. Nuclear moments-spin, magnetic dipole moment. Relation between J and μ on the basis of single particle model. Determination of nuclear magnetic moment by molecular beam experiment. Electric quadrupole moment.

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Nuclear models: Liquid drop model-Weissacker's formula and its application to (i) stability of isobars and (ii) fission process. Shell model-single particle potentials, spin-orbit coupling. Magic numbers. Fermi gas model-well depth, level density and nuclear evaporation.

Nuclear reactions: Q-values. Threshold energy. Reactions induced by proton, deuteron and particles. Photodisintegration.

[16 hours]

Nuclear decay modes: Beta decay: Beta ray spectrum, Pauli neutrino hypothesis, mass of the neutrino from beta ray spectral shape, Fermi theory of beta decay, Kurie plot, f_t - values and forbidden transitions. Methods of excitation of nuclei. Nuclear isomerism. Mossbauer effect (qualitative only). Auger effect.

Interaction of nuclear radiation with matter and detectors: Energy loss due to ionization for proton-like charged particles. Bethe-Bloch formula. Range-energy

relations. Ionization and radiation loss of fast electrons (Bremsstrahlung) (qualitative only). Interaction of gamma and X-rays with matter. Brief description of NaI (TI) gamma ray spectrometer. Boron trioxide counter.

Nuclear reactors: Condition for controlled chain reactions, slowing down of neutrons, logarithmic decrement in energy, Homogeneous spherical reactor, Critical size. Effect of reactors. Breeder reactor (Qualitative discussion).

[16 hours]

Nuclear forces and elementary particles: General features of nuclear forces: General features of nuclear forces; spin dependence, charge independence, exchange character etc. Meson theory of nuclear forces- Yukawa's theory. Properties of pi mesons, charge, isospin, mass, spin and parity, decay modes, meson resonances.

Particle interactions and families: Conservation laws|classification of fundamental forces and elementary particles. Associated particle production, Gellmann-Nishijima scheme, strange particles. CP violation in Kaon decay. Symmetries|Eight-fold way symmetry, quarks and gluons. Elementary ideas of the standard model.

[16 hours]

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References

• Tayal D.C., Nuclear Physics, Himalaya Publishing House, New Delhi, 2012 (Unit 1. Chapter 1. Page 6-14. Page 30- 35, 40-49. Chapter 9. Page 355-369. Chapter 10. Page 401-411.)

• Krane K.S., Introductory nuclear physics, Wiley, New York, 1987. (Unit 1. Chapter 16 page 605-610.)

• Ghoshal S.N., Nuclear physics, S.Chand and Company, Delhi, 1994. (Unit 2: Chapter 5 page 137-155, Chapter 6 page 187-204, 222, 262, Chapter 13, page 647-651, chapter 15, page 717-721.)

• Wong S.S.M., Introductory nuclear physics, Prentice Hall of India, Delhi, 1998.

• Khanna M.P., Introduction to particle physics, Prentice Hall of India, Delhi, 2008.

• Kapoor S.S. and Ramamoorthy V., Nuclear radiation detectors, Wiley Eastern, Bangalore, 2007.

PHY302 : Condensed Matter Physics

X-ray crystallography: Crystalline state. Reference axes, equation of a plane, Miller indices. Symmetry operations. Two and three dimensional point groups. Lattices; two dimensional lattices, choice of unit cell [Buerger, p12{20, 23{45}. Three-dimensional lattices; crystal systems and Bravais lattices [Ladd and Palmer, p55{66]. Screw and glide operations. Space groups; analysis of the space group symbol. Diffraction of X-rays by crystals: Laue equations. Reciprocal lattice [Sherwood, p272{288]. Bragg equation. Equivalence of Laue and Bragg equations [Ladd and Palmer, p114{121]. Atomic scattering factor (qualitative).

Experimental techniques: Brief introduction to single crystal and powder methods.

Electron and neutron diffraction: Basic principles. Differences between them and X-ray diffraction. Applications (qualitative) [Vainshtein, p336{338,350{352, 355-357].

Crystal growth: Czochralski, Kyropoulos, Stockbarger-Bridgman and zone refining techniques [Rose et al., p146{154].

[16 hours]

Liquid crystals: Morphology. The smectic (A-H), nematic and cholesteric phases.

Birefringence, texture and X-ray studies in these phases [Gray and Goodby]. Orientational order and its determination in the case of nematic liquid crystals.

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Crystal lattice dynamics: Vibration of an infinite one-dimensional monoatomic lattice, First Brillouin zone. Group velocity. Finite lattice and boundary conditions.

Vibrations of a linear diatomic lattice|optical and acoustical branches; relation [Wahab, p288{305].

Magnetic properties of solids: Diamagnetism and its origin. Expression for diamagnetic

susceptibility. Paramagnetism. Quantum theory of paramagnetism. Brillouin function. Ferromagnetism. Curie-Weiss law. Spontaneous magnetisation and its variation with temperature. Ferromagnetic domains. Antiferromagnetism. Two sub-lattice model. Susceptibility below and above Neel's temperature [Dekker, p446{490}].

[16 hours]

Superconductivity: Experimental facts. Type I and type II superconductors. Phenomenological theory. London equations. Meissner effect. High frequency behaviour. Thermodynamics of superconductors. Entropy and Specific heat in the superconducting state. Qualitative ideas of the theory of superconductivity [Kittel, p333{364}]. Semiconductors: Intrinsic Semiconductors. Crystal structure and bonding. Expressions for carrier concentrations. Fermi energy, electrical conductivity and energy gap in the case of intrinsic semiconductors. Extrinsic Semiconductors; impurity states and ionization energy of donors. Carrier concentrations and their temperature variation. Qualitative explanation of the variation of Fermi energy with temperature and impurity concentration in the case of impurity semiconductors [Mckelvey, p256{277}]. Semiconductor devices: Brief discussion of the characteristics and applications of, phototransistors, JFET, SCR and UJT.

[16 hours]

References

- Buerger M.J., Elementary crystallography, Academic Press, UK, 1956.
- Ladd M.F.C. and Palmer R.A., Structure determination by X-ray crystallography, Plenum Press, USA, 1977.
- Sherwood D., Crystals, X-rays and proteins, Longman, UK, 1976.
- Rose R.M., Shepard L.A. and Wul_ J., The structure and properties of materials Vol. 4, Electronic properties, Wiley Eastern, 1965.
- Vainshtein B.K., Modern crystallography, Vol. I, Springer-Verlag, Germany, 1981.
- Gray G.W. and Goodby J.W.G., Smectic liquid crystals: Textures and structures, Leonard Hill, USA, 1984.

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M.Sc.(Physics) CBCS Syllabus 2016–18

- Dekker A.J., Solid state physics, Prentice Hall, 1985.
- Kittel C., Introduction to solid state physics, 7th Edn., John Wiley, New York, 1996.
- Mckelvey J.P., Solid state and semiconductor physics, 2nd Edn., Harper and Row, USA, 1966.
- Streetman B.G., Solid state electronic devices, 2nd Edn., Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi, 1983.
- De Gennes P.G. and Prost J., The physics of liquid crystals, 2nd Edn., Clarendon Press, Oxford, 1998.
- Wahab M.A., Solid state physics, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 1999.
- Pillai S.O., Solid state physics, New Age International Publications, 2002.

PHY303 : Nuclear Physics 1

Nuclear detectors: Scintillation processes in inorganic crystals (NaI(Tl)). Semiconductor detectors|Di_ used junction, Surface barrier and Lithium drifted detectors

Relation between applied voltage and depletion layer thickness in junction detectors, Hyper pure germanium detectors, Cerenkov detectors.

Nuclear pulse techniques: Preampli_ er circuits. Charge sensitive and voltage sensitive preampli_ ers. Linear pulse ampli_ ers. Linearity, stability, pulse shaping, pulse stretching. operational ampli_ ers. Analog to digital converters. Scalars, Schmidt trigger as a pulse discriminator, Single channel analyser-Integral and di_ erential discriminators. Multichannel Analysers, memory devices and online data processing.

[16 hours]

Shell model: Motion in a mean potential. Square well and simple harmonic oscillator potential well, spin-orbit interaction and Magic numbers. Extreme single particle model, Ground state properties of nuclei based on shell model. Nordheim's Rules.

Collective model: Evidences for the collective motion. Nuclear rotational motion.

Rotational energy spectrum and nuclear wave functions for even-even nuclei. Odd- A nuclei energy spectrum and wave function.

Nilsson model: Nilsson diagrams.

Many body self-consistent models: Hartree-Fock model.

[16 hours]

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Timing spectroscopy: Coincidence and anti-coincidence circuits. Delay circuits.

Time to amplitude conversion- Start-stop and overlap converters.

Gamma ray spectroscopy: Life time measurements. Gamma-gamma, beta-gamma angular correlation studies. Angular distribution of gamma rays from oriented nuclei.

Polarization of gamma rays.

[16 hours]

References

- Mermier P. and Sheldon E., Physics of the nuclei and particles, Vol. 1 and 2, Academic Press, New York 1970.
- Segre E., Nuclei and particles, Benjamin Inc, New York, 1977.
- Arya A.P., Fundamentals of nuclear physics, Allyn and Bacon, USA, 1968.
- Blatt J.M. and Weisskopf V.F., Theoretical nuclear physics, Wiley and Sons, New York, 1991.
- Siegbahn K., The alpha, beta and gamma ray spectroscopy: Vol. 1 and 2, North Holland, Amsterdam, 1965.
- Price J.W., Nuclear radiation detectors, McGraw Hill, New York, 1965.
- Kapoor S.S. and Ramamoorthy V., Nuclear radiation detectors, Wiley Eastern, Bangalore, 1993.
- Kowalski E., Nuclear electronics, Springer Verlag, Berlin, 1970.
- Leo W.R., Techniques for nuclear and particle physics experiments, Springer Verlag, 1992.
- Roy R.R. and Nigam B.P., Nuclear physics, New Age International, New Delhi, 1986.
- Hans H.S., Nuclear physics|Experimental and theoretical, New Age International Publishers, 2001.

PHY304 : Solid State Physics 1

Dielectric properties of solids: Macroscopic description of static dielectric constant, the static electronic and ionic polarizabilities of molecules, orientation polarization, the static dielectric constant of gases, Local electric field at an atom. Lorentz field, field of dipoles inside cavity. The static dielectric constant of solids, Clausius- Mossotti relation, the complex dielectric constant and dielectric losses. Polarization catastrophe. Dielectric losses and Debye relaxation time. Classical theory of electronic polarization and optical absorption.

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Ferroelectricity: Basic properties of ferroelectric materials. Classification and properties of ferroelectrics. Dipole theory of ferroelectricity, objections against the dipole theory, ionic displacements and behavior of Barium titanate above the curie temperature, theory of spontaneous polarization of Barium titanate. Thermodynamics of ferroelectric transitions. Landau theory of phase transitions, Dielectric constant near the curie point. Ferroelectric domains.

[16 hours]

Magnetic properties: Definition of Magnetisation and susceptibility. Hund's rule.

Calculation of L, S and J for 3d and 4f shells. Setting up of Hamiltonian for an atom in an external magnetic field. Based on this, explanation of diamagnetism, Van Vleck Paramagnetism and quantum theory of paramagnetism using the above hamiltonian, in solids (see Ashcroft and Mermin). Interpretation of the Weiss field in terms of exchange integral (Page 473-474, A J Dekker). Calculation of the singlet-triplet splitting, Spin Hamiltonian and Heisenberg model. (as given in Ashcroft N.W. and Mermin N.D)

Zero-temperature properties: Ground state of the Heisenberg ferromagnet. First excitation of one-dimensional ferromagnetism at zero-temperature: spin waves in one-dimensional ferromagnetism and anti-ferromagnetism. Low-temperature behaviour of ferromagnets: Bloch's $T^{3/2}$ law. (as given in Ashcroft N.W. and Mermin N.D. and Kittel)

Magnetic resonance: Phenomenological description, Relaxation mechanisms, Derivation of Casimir-Durpe relation. Nuclear Magnetic moments, condition for resonance absorption, Setting up of Bloch's equations, obtaining solutions for the steady state case and that of the weak RF field, expression for power absorption, change of inductance near resonance. Dipolar line width in a rigid lattice. (as given 498-512 of A J Dekker) [16 hours]

Band theory of solids: Statement and proof of Bloch theorem. Explanation of periodic potentials in solids. Reciprocal lattice, periodic boundary conditions, density of states. Construction of Brillouin zones for a square lattice. Nearly free electron model and solution at the boundary. Discussion of energy gap using nearly free electron model. Tightly bound electron approximation, application to simple cubic, BCC and FCC lattices. Constant energy surfaces, Fermi surfaces. square lattice. Overlapping of bands. (as given in A J Dekker)

Superconductivity: Elementary ideas of BCS theory. Formation of Cooper pairs and explanation based on theory (as given in Ibach and Luth). Energy gap, Meissner effect, DoS in Physics, Univ. of Mysore, Mysuru 570 006, India 27

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Josephson quantisation, Josephson tunnelling, Josephson junction. Theory for DC and AC bias. High T_c superconductors. (as given in Ibach and Luth)

Elastic constants of crystals: Definition of elastic strains and stresses in a solid. Elastic compliance and stiffness constants, Applications to cubic crystals and isotropic solids. Elastic waves and experimental determination of elastic constants. (as given in Kittel)

[16 hours]

References

- Dekker A.J., Solid state physics, Prentice Hall, 1985. page no. 133-157, 185-209
- Kittel C., Introduction to solid state physics, 7th Edn., John Wiley, New York, 1996.
- Ashcroft N.W. and Mermin N.D., Solid State Physics, Saunders College Publishing, 1996.
- Ibach H and Luth H., Solid State Physics, Narosa, New Delhi, 1996.
- Pillai S.O., Solid state physics, New Age International Publications, 2002.
- Wahab M.A., Solid state physics, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 1999.

PHY305 : Theoretical Physics 1

General theory of relativity: Tensor Calculus and Riemannian geometry : Covariant Differentiation, Parallel Transport, Geodesics, The Curvature Tensor

Riemannian geometry: Riemannian space, The determinant of g_{ij} . Metrical Densities, The Connection of a Riemannian Space: Christoffel Symbols, Geodesics in a Riemannian Space, The Curvature of a Riemannian Space: The Riemann Tensor.

[16 hours]

Gravitational field: The Principle of Equivalence, The Field Equations of General Relativity, Metrics with Spherical Symmetry, The Schwarzschild Solution. Geodesics in the Schwarzschild Space, Advance of the Perihelion of a Planet, The Deflection of Light Rays, Red Shift of Spectral Lines, The Schwarzschild Sphere. Gravitational Collapse. Black Holes.

[16 hours]

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Quantum field theory-1: Classical and quantum fields: Particles and fields, Discrete and continuous mechanical systems, Classical scalar fields, Maxwell fields Quantum Theory of Radiation: Creation, annihilation, and number operators, Quantized radiation

_eld, Fock states, Emission and absorption of photons by atoms, Rayleigh scattering, Thomson scattering, and the Raman effect.

[16 hours]

References

- Papapetrou A., Lectures on general relativity, D. Reidel Publishing Company, USA, 1974.
- Dirac P.A.M., The general theory of relativity, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1975.
- Adler R., Bazin M. and Schiffer M., Introduction to general relativity, McGraw-Hill Kogakusha, Ltd. New Delhi, 1965.
- Hartle J.B., Gravity: An introduction to Einstein's general relativity, Benjamin-Cummings Pub. Co., USA, 2002.
- Sakurai J.J., Advanced quantum mechanics, Addison-Wesley, Harlow, England, First ISE Reprint, 1999.
- Griffiths D., Introduction to elementary particles, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1987.
- Gasiorowicz S., Elementary particle physics, John-Wiley, New York, 1966.
- Muirhead H., The physics of elementary particles, Pergamon Press, London, 1965.

PHY306 : Accelerator Physics

Ion sources: Brief introduction to ion sources for positive and negative ions. Ion production. Semi classical treatment of ionization, Townsend theory-comparison of theory and experiment for ion production. Examples of ion sources-properties of ion sources. Insulation at high voltages-Spark voltage. Paschen's law for gas breakdown. Ion optics and focussing: Focussing properties of linear fields. Electrostatic and magnetic lenses.

[16 hours]

Particle accelerators: Introduction, development of accelerators. Direct-voltage accelerators: Cockroft-Walton generator, Van de Graaff generator, Tandem accelerators, DoS in Physics, Univ. of Mysore, Mysuru 570 006, India 29

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Pelletron. Resonance accelerators: Cyclotron|_xed and variable energy

_xed and variable energy, principles and longitudinal dynamics of the uniform field cyclotron. Linear accelerators.

[16 hours]

Electron accelerators: Betatron, Beam focusing and Betatron Oscillation, Microtron. Synchronous accelerators: Principle of phase stability, Mathematical theory for Principle of phase stability. Electron synchrotron. Proton synchrotron. Alternating gradient machines: Alternating gradient principle, AG proton synchrotron.

[16 hours]

References

- Townsend P.D., Kelly J.C. and Hartley N.E.W., Ion implantation, sputtering and their applications, Academic Press, London, 1976.
- Humphrey S. Jr., Principles of charged particle acceleration, John Wiley, 1986.
- Arya A.P., Fundamentals of nuclear physics, Allyn and Bacon, USA, 1968.
- Ghoshal S.N., Atomic and nuclear physics, Vol. 2, S.Chand and Company, Delhi, 1994.
- Varier K.M., Joseph A. and Pradyumn P.P., Advanced experimental techniques in modern physics, Pragathi Prakashan, Meerut, 2006.

PHY307 : Liquid Crystals

Anisotropic fluids: Main Types and properties: Introduction. The building blocks. Small organic molecules. Long helical rods. Associated structures. Nematics and Cholesterics. Nematics proper. Static pretransitional effects above T_0
N-I. The cholesterics.

A distorted form of the nematic phase. Smectic. Smectic A. Smectic B. Smectic C. Other mesomorphic phases. Exotic smectics; long range order in a system of long

rods. Lyotropic systems. Remarkable features of liquid crystals. Applications of liquid crystals.

[16 hours]

Long and short range order in nematics: Definition of an order parameter. Microscopic approach. Order parameter from optical method, from diamagnetic anisotropy.

Mean field theory with S₂ interaction (Maier-Saupe).

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Static distortion in nematics: Long range distortions, distortion free energy. Magnetic field effects|Molecular diamagnetism, Magnetic coherence length.

Defects and textures in nematics: Observations. Black filaments. Schlieren structures. Types of defects (qualitative discussion only).

Smectics: Continuum description of smectics A and C, Mean field description of S_A-N transition.

[16 hours]

Dynamical properties of nematics: Experiments measuring the Leslie coefficients|

Laminar flow under a strong orienting field, Attenuation of ultrasonic shear waves,

Laminar flow in the absence of external fields. Convective instabilities under electric

fields|Basic electrical parameters, Experimental observations at low frequencies, The Helfrich interpretation. Extension to higher frequencies (qualitative).

Cholesterics: Optical properties of an ideal helix|The planar texture, Bragg reflection,

Transmission properties at arbitrary wavelengths (normal incidence), The Mauguin

limit, Rotatory Power. Agents influencing the pitch|Physicochemical factors, External fields(qualitative). Textures in cholesterics.

[16 hours]

References

• De Gennes P.G. and Prost J., The physics of liquid crystals, 2nd Edn., Clarendon Press, Oxford, 1998.

• Chandrashekar S., Liquid crystals, Cambridge University Press, 1977.

• Gray G.W., Molecular structure and the properties of liquid crystals, Academic Press, 1962.

• Maier G., Sackmann E. and Grabmanier I.G., Applications of liquid crystals, Springer Verlag, 1975.

• Gray G.W. and Goodby J.W., Smectic liquid crystals (Textures and structures), Leonard Hill, London, 1984.

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PHY308 : Atmospheric Physics

Atmospheric composition: Energy in the atmosphere, heating of the atmosphere, motions in the atmosphere. Variations in atmospheric composition, Structure on the basis of composition. Thermal structure of the atmosphere.

Thermodynamics: Entropy of dry air, vertical motion of saturated air, tephigram, potential energy of an air column.

Dynamics: Escape of hydrogen, photodissociation of oxygen, photo chemical processes.

Equations of motion, the geostrophic approximation, cyclostrophic motion.

[16 hours]

Terrestrial and extra terrestrial radiation: General features of direct, diffuse

and global radiation-attenuation of direct solar radiation-Rayleigh and Mie scattering.

Angstrom turbidity formula for all aerosols. Direct transmittance due to continuum attenuation, diffuse spectral irradiance due to Rayleigh and aerosol scattering.

Aerosols: Production and properties of aerosols. Aerosol optical depth, Beer's law| Sun photometer. Optical filters.

Clouds: Microphysics of clouds, Macrocharacterization of clouds. Radiative transfer in clouds and aerosols.

[16 hours]

Atmospheric radioactivity: Background Radiation, Radioactivity in Atmosphere,

Radon, Properties of radon, Origin of radon, Radon entry into the atmosphere: Diffusion, Advection and Convection. Health Effects: Dose.

Atmospheric electricity: The generation of an ion, The mobility of ions, Ion size.

Recombination of ions. Ions in an electric field, Ionizing agencies, radioactivity. The conductivity of the atmosphere and its origin, Measurement of conductivity of the atmosphere near the ground. Relationship between ions and conductivity. The current voltage characteristics in a gas under conditions of volume ionization.

[16 hours]

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References

- Salby M.L., Fundamentals of atmospheric physics, Academic Press, USA, 2006.
- Houghton J., The physics of the atmosphere, Cambridge University Press, 2002.
- Siddhartha K., Atmosphere, weather and climate, Kishore Publications, 2000.
- Lutgens F.K. and Tarbuk E.K., The atmosphere: An introduction to meteorology, Prentice Hall, USA, 1986.
- Holton, J.R., Dynamic meteorology, 3rd edition, Academic Press, USA, 1992.
- Keshvamurthy R.N. and Shankar Rao M., The physics of monsoons, Allied Publishers, 1992.
- Iqbal M., An introduction to solar radiation, Academic Press, USA, 1983.
- Wilkening M., Radon in the environment, Elsevier Science Publishers, The Netherlands, 1990.
- Israel H., Atmospheric electricity-Vol II, Israel Program for Scientific Translations, Jerusalem, 1973.

PHY309 : Numerical Methods

Computer arithmetic: Integers; Floating point representation of numbers; Arithmetic operations with normalisation; Errors in representation; Commonly used number types and their limits like max. and min. integer, float, double precision, long, etc.

Iterative methods: Bisection method, Newton-Raphson method, Secant method, the method of successive approximations. Solution of a polynomial equation.

[16 hours]

Linear algebraic equations: The Gauss elimination method, LU decomposition method, Gauss-Jordan method, An introduction to the solution of simultaneous nonlinear equations.

Interpolations: Introduction, Newton interpolation formulae, extrapolation, Lagrange interpolation. spline interpolation.

Least-squares approximation of functions: Introduction, linear regression, algorithm for linear regression. Polynomial regression, fitting exponential and trigonometric functions.

[16 hours]

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Numerical integration: Trapezoidal method, Simpson's rule, errors and algorithms. Gaussian quadrature formulae.

Numerical solution of differential equations: Euler method, Runge-Kutta methods, Runge-Kutta 4th order formulae, predictor-corrector method. Comparison of predictor-corrector and Runge-Kutta methods.

[16 hours]

References

- Atkinson K.E., An introduction to numerical analysis, John Wiley and Sons, USA, 1988.
- Press W.H., Flannery B.P., Teukolsky S.A. and Vetterling W.T., Numerical recipes in C, Cambridge University Press, UK, 1989.
- Krishnamurthy E.V. and Sen S.K, Numerical algorithms, Allied East West Press Pvt. Ltd., India, 1993.
- Rajaraman V., Computer oriented numerical methods, Prentice Hall of India Pvt.

Ltd., India, 2001.

PHY310 : Theoretical Physics 1

General theory of relativity: Tensor Calculus and Riemannian geometry : Covariant Differentiation, Parallel Transport, Geodesies, The Curvature Tensor
Riemannian geometry: Riemannian space, The determinant of g_{ij} . Metrical Densities, The Connection of a Riemannian Space: Christoffel Symbols, Geodesies in a Riemannian Space, The Curvature of a Riemannian Space: The Riemann Tensor.
[16 hours]

Gravitational field: The Principle of Equivalence, The Field Equations of General Relativity, Metrics with Spherical Symmetry, The Schwarzschild Solution. Geodesies in the Schwarzschild Space, Advance of the Perihelion of a Planet, The Deflection of Light Rays, Red Shift of Spectral Lines, The Schwarzschild Sphere. Gravitational Collapse. Black Holes.
[16 hours]

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Quantum field theory-1: Classical and quantum fields: Particles and fields, Discrete and continuous mechanical systems, Classical scalar fields, Maxwell fields
Quantum Theory of Radiation: Creation, annihilation, and number operators, Quantized radiation field, Fock states, Emission and absorption of photons by atoms, Rayleigh scattering, Thomson scattering, and the Raman effect.
[16 hours]

References

- Papapetrou A., Lectures on general relativity, D. Reidel Publishing Company, USA, 1974.
- Dirac P.A.M., The general theory of relativity, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1975.
- Adler R., Bazin M. and Schiffer M., Introduction to general relativity, McGraw-Hill Kogakusha, Ltd. New Delhi, 1965.
- Hartle J.B., Gravity: An introduction to Einstein's general relativity, Benjamin-Cummings Pub. Co., USA, 2002.
- Sakurai J.J., Advanced quantum mechanics, Addison-Wesley, Harlow, England, First ISE Reprint, 1999.
- Griffiths D., Introduction to elementary particles, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1987.
- Gasiorowicz S., Elementary particle physics, John-Wiley, New York, 1966.
- Muirhead H., The physics of elementary particles, Pergamon Press, London, 1965.

PHY311 : Nuclear Physics Lab

Any eight of the following experiments

- Half-life of Indium-116 measurement.
- Energy Resolution of a NaI(Tl) scintillation spectrometer.
- Compton scattering|determination of the rest energy of an electron.
- Beta absorption coefficient measurement.
- Dekatron as a counter of signals.
- Gamma-ray absorption coefficient measurement.
- End-point energy of Beta particles by half thickness measurement.
- Common Source amplifier.
- Astable multivibrator using timer IC 555.
- Dead time of the G.M. counter.

Total work load :2 day(s) per week \times 4 hours \times 16 weeks 128 hours

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PHY312 : Condensed Matter Physics Lab

- Determination of the paramagnetic susceptibility of the given salt by Quincke's method
- Study of mercury spectrum by superimposing it on brass spectrum

- Sodium spectrum analysis by using Edser-Butler fringes
- Temperature coefficient of resistance of a thermistor
- Analysis of the powder X-ray photograph of a simple cubic crystal
- Thermionic work function of a metal (Richardson-Dushman formula)
- Energy gap of a semiconductor
- Determination of Stefan's constant
- Frank Hertz experiment
- Magnetic Hysteresis
- Measurement of magneto resistance of semiconductors

Total work load : 2 day(s) per week × 4 hours × 16 weeks 128 hours

PHY313 : Nuclear Physics Lab 1

For those who have opted for PHY303

Any one of the following experiments:

- Cockcroft-Walton voltage multiplier.
- Coincidence circuit.
- Linear pulse amplifier.
- Transistorised binary circuit.
- Pulse shaping circuits.
- Linear Gate.
- Randomness of radioactive decay.
- Nomogram method : Measurement of endpoint energy of beta rays.
- Study of linearity of the NaI(Tl) gamma ray spectrometer with SCA and hence determination of energy of unknown gamma source.
- Determination of the rest mass energy of the electron using MCA.
- Study of the variation of resolution of NaI(Tl) spectrometer as a function of energy.

Total work load : 1 day(s) per week × 4 hours × 16 weeks 64 hours

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PHY314 : Solid State Physics Lab 1

For those who have opted for PHY304

Any one of the following experiments

- Optical rotatory dispersion of an uniaxial crystal.
- Birefringence of quartz using spectrometer.
- Paramagnetic susceptibility by Gouy balance method.
- Fermi energy of copper.
- Cell parameter(s) from an X-ray powder diffraction.
- Verification of Langmuir-Child's law.
- Thermoluminescence.
- Curie temperature of a ferroelectric material.
- Dielectric constant and its temperature variation.
- Determination of the polarisabilities of the molecules of an uniaxial crystal using spectrometer.
- Photoelasticity in crystalline solids.
- Thermal expansion coefficient in solids.

Total work load : 1 day(s) per week × 4 hours × 16 weeks 64 hours

PHY315 : Theoretical Physics Lab 1

For those who have opted for PHY305

Any one of the following experiments:

- Calculation of Christoffel symbols.
- Geodesics and curvature calculations.
- Exterior Schwarzschild metric calculations.
- Robertson-Walker metric calculations.
- Lagrangian and Hamiltonian, Euler Lagrange equations for Schroedinger field.
- Lagrangian for Maxwell's field and The field equations.
- Symmetries of the Lagrangian and Constants of motion.

- Operator algebra-BCH formula.
- Relativistic kinematics-1: Relations between center of momentum and laboratory frames.
- Relativistic kinematics-2: Non-relativistic limit of relativistic kinematics.

Total work load :1 day(s) per week × 4 hours × 16 weeks 64 hours

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PHY320 : Energy Science

Paper offered to Non-Physics Postgraduate Students

Renewable energy resources: Forms energy. Basics of thermodynamics: Heat capacity. Heat transfer mechanism, Entropy, first and second law of Thermodynamics. Carnot cycle, Rankine cycle. Fossil fuels and time scale of fossil fuels. Solar energy: Sun as a source of energy and its energy transport to the earth. Extraterrestrial and terrestrial solar radiations. Measurement techniques of solar radiations using pyranometer and pyrheliometer.

[16 hours]

Materials and solar cell technology : Single, poly and amorphous silicon, GaAs, CdS, fabrication of single and polycrystalline silicon solar cells, amorphous silicon solar cells, photovoltaic systems, and technical problems. Wind Energy Origin and classification of winds, Aerodynamics of windmill: Maximum power, and Forces on the Blades and thrust on turbines; Wind data collection and field estimation of wind energy, Site selection, Basic components of wind mill, Types of wind mill, Wind energy farm, Hybrid wind energy systems: The present Indian Scenario.

[16 hours]

Biomass energy and biogas technology: Nature of Biomass as a fuel, Biomass energy conversion processes, Direct combustion: heat of combustion, combustion with improved Chulha and cyclone furnace; Dry chemical conversion processes: pyrolysis, gasification, types of gasification Importance of biogas technology, anaerobic decomposition of biodegradable materials, Factors affecting Bio-digestion, Types of biogas plants, Applications of biogas.

[16 hours]

Tutorial [32 hours]

References

- Peter A., Advances in energy systems and technology, Academic Press, USA, 1986.
 - Neville C.R., Solar energy conversion: The solar cell, Elsevier North-Holland, 1978.
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- Dixon A.E. and Leslie J.D., Solar energy conversion, Pergamon Press, New York, 1979.
 - Ravindranath N.H., Biomass, energy and environment, Oxford University Press, 1995.
 - Cushion E., Whiteman A. and Dieterle G., World Bank Report, 2009.

PHY321 : Python Programming

Introduction to programming: Problem solving by computers; Flowcharts; Algorithms; Elements of programming; Brief introduction to object-oriented programming. Computer arithmetic: Integers; Floating point representation of numbers; Arithmetic operations with normalisation; Errors in representation; Commonly used number types and their limits like max. and min. integer, float, double precision, long, etc.

[16 hours]

Programming in python: Introduction; Types and operations : Numbers, strings, lists and dictionaries, tuples, sets; Statements : Assignment, Control flow; Functions : scope and arguments; Modules.

[16 hours]

Python programming lab : 1 day per week × 2 hours × 16 weeks 32 hours

List of programs :

- Check whether given number is odd or even.
- Find the largest and smallest number in the input set.
- Compute the Fibonacci sequence.
- Check whether the input number is prime or not.
- Compute the roots of a quadratic equation.
- Generate Pascal's triangle.
- Sum of two matrices.
- Product of two matrices.
- Linear, exponential and power least-squares fitting to data in a file.
- To find the trajectory of a projectile shot with an initial velocity at an angle. Also, find the maximum height travelled and distance travelled. Write the trajectory data to a file specified and plot using Gnuplot.

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References

- Lutz M. and Ascher D., Learning python, Second edition, O'Reilly, USA, 2003.
- Python online documentation.
- Swaroop C.H., A byte of python, (free online book), <http://www.swaroopch.com/notes/Python>.

Note :

- This paper comprises both theory and labwork. The question paper will be a mixed one to be answered in a computer lab only.
- This paper is mostly for students who do not have any prior programming training/experience.

PHY322 : Minor Project

PHY401 : Nuclear Physics 2

Nuclear fission: Nuclear fission, Mass-energy distribution of fission fragments. Statistical model of fission.

Reactor theory-1: Neutron and its interaction with matter-collision kinematics, differential elastic scattering cross sections, isotropic scattering, The criticality condition for a reactor. Neutron transport equation using elementary diffusion theory. One group critical equation, The critical size-on the basis of Fermi Age theory.

[16 hours]

Reactor theory-2: Reactors- One group theory, spherical and cylindrical homogeneous reactor. The effective multiplication factor. Reactor reactors: effects of reactor. One group method of a homogeneous reactor with reactor. reactor savings. Infinite multiplication factor, critical size and critical mass. Heterogeneous reactor system calculation of thermal utilization factor. Fast Breeder reactor, Evaluation of Buckling using One group model.

[16 hours]

Beta decay: Classification of beta interactions. Matrix elements. Fermi and Gamow-Teller selection rules for allowed beta decay. The non conservation of parity in beta decay. Wu et al. experiment. The universal Fermi interaction.

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Gamma decay: Electromagnetic interactions with nuclei. Multipole transitions. Transition probabilities in nuclear matter. Weisskopf's estimates. Structure effects. Selection rules. Internal conversion Photo disintegration of deuteron and radiative capture of neutron by proton.

[16 hours]

References

- Glasstone S. and Edlund M.C., Elements of nuclear reactor theory, D. Van Nostrand Co., USA, 9th Print, 1963. Unit 1 Chapter 5 (page 90-135, Unit 2. Chapter 7 page 191-290.
- Garg S., Ahmed F. and Kothari I.S., Physics of nuclear reactors, Tata McGraw-

Hill, New Delhi, 1986.

- Unit 1. Roy R.R. and Nigam B.P., Nuclear physics, New Age International, New Delhi, 1986. Chapter 5, page 162-165.

- Hans H.S., Nuclear physics|Experimental and theoretical, New Age International Publishers, 2001.

- Unit 2 Ghoshal S.N., Nuclear physics, Vol. 2., S.Chand and Company, Delhi, 1994. Chapter 15, page 714-730.

PHY402 : Nuclear Physics 3

Two particle systems: Deuteron: Schrödinger equation for a two nucleon system.

Theory of the ground state of the deuteron under central and non central forces. Excited states of the deuteron. Rarita-Schwinger relations. Deuteron magnetic and Quadrupole moments.

Nucleon-nucleon scattering processes: Theory of s-wave scattering of neutrons by free protons and experimental results. Wigner's formula for n-p scattering. Theory of scattering of slow neutrons by bound protons (Ortho and Para hydrogen) and experimental results. Effective range theory for n-p scattering. S-wave theory of proton-proton scattering. Mott's modification of Rutherford's formula. Pion-nucleon scattering experimental results, $(3/2, 3/2)$ resonance.

[16 hours]

Nuclear reactions-1: Plane wave theory of direct reactions. Born approximation-(Plane wave)-Butler's theory. Cross section for nuclear scattering and reactions. Shadow scattering, Breit-Wigner resonance formulae.

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Nuclear reactions-2: Bohr's independence hypothesis. The compound nucleus (CN) reactions, decay rates of CN, Statistical theory of nuclear reactions. Evaporation probability and cross sections for specific reactions.

[16 hours]

Optical model: Giant resonances, Kapur-Pearls' dispersion formula for potential scattering. Direct reactions: Kinematics of stripping and pickup reactions. Theory of stripping and pickup reactions. Inverse reactions.

Heavy ion physics: Special features of heavy ion Physics. Remote heavy ion electromagnetic interactions. Coulomb excitations. Close encounters. Heavy ion scattering.

Grazing interactions. Particle transfer. Direct and head on collisions, compound nucleus and quasi molecule formation.

[16 hours]

References

- Roy R.R. and Nigam B.P., Nuclear physics|Theory and experiment, New Age International Ltd, New Delhi, 1986.

- Hans H.S., Nuclear physics|Experimental and theoretical, New Age International Publishers 2001.

- Sachtler G.R., Nuclear reactions, Addison Wesley, New York, 1983.

- Mermier P. and Sheldon E., Physics of nuclei and particles, Vol. 2, Academic Press, USA, 1971.

- Jackson D.F., Nuclear reactions, Chapman and Hall, London, 1975.

PHY403 : Solid State Physics 2

X-ray diffraction by crystals: The reciprocal lattice. Ewald sphere and construction.

Scattering by an electron and atom. Atomic scattering factor. Anomalous scattering.

Fourier analysis and inversion of Fourier series. Physical significance. Geometrical structure factor of the unit cell. Absent reflections and space groups [Sherwood, p290{302, p320{332, p342{358].

Experimental techniques: Weissenberg and precession methods. Cell parameter and space group determination. Molecular weight determination. Low angle scattering.

Reduction of intensities to structure amplitudes. Various corrections. Absolute scale

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factor and temperature factor from statistical methods. Statistical method for finding the presence of center of symmetry [Stout and Jensen, p90{91, 94{106, 117{120, 122{128, 148{156, 195{211].

[16 hours]

Structure analysis: Fourier analysis of electron density. Patterson synthesis. Harker sections and lines. Heavy atom methods. Direct methods for phase determination. The inequality relations. Difference Patterson synthesis and error Fourier synthesis. Figure of merit. Cyclic Fourier refinement, Difference Fourier synthesis Refinement of structures: The least squares method. Accuracy of the parameters. Bond lengths and angles

SAXS: Particle size. Study of fibre structures.

[16 hours]

Imperfections in solids: Different types of imperfections. Schottky and Frenkel defects. Expression for energy for the formation of Frenkel and Schottky defects. Diffusion in metals. Kirkendall effect. Ionic conductivity in pure and doped halides. Photoconductivity. (as in C Kittel). Dislocations: Burger's Vector. Expression for strain in the case of edge and screw dislocations. Low-angle grain boundaries. (As in Wahab and C Kittel).

Synthesis and Device fabrication of Nanomaterials: Bottom-Up approach: Sol-gel synthesis, hydrothermal growth, thin-film growth, physical vapor deposition, chemical vapor deposition. Top-Down Approach: Ball milling, Microfabrication, Lithography, Ion-beam lithography (Page 129-142, Ramachandra rao and Shubra Singh).

Luminescence: General remarks, Excitation and Emission. Franck-Condon principle.

Decay mechanisms-Temperature dependent and independent decays. Thermoluminescence and glow curve. Gudden-Pohl effect. (as in A J Dekker)

[16 hours]

References

- Stout G.H. and Jensen L.H., X-ray structure determination, MacMillan, USA, 1989.
 - Ladd M.F.C. and Palmer R.A., Structure determination by X-ray crystallography, Plenum Press, USA, 2003.
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- Sherwood D., Crystals, X-rays and proteins, Longman, London, 1976.
 - Ramachandra Rao M.S. and Shubra Singh, Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, Wiley, 2013.
 - Wahab M.A., Solid state physics, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 1999.
 - Azaro L.V., Introduction to solids, McGraw-Hill Inc, USA, 1960.
 - Weertman J. and Weertmann J.R., Elementary dislocation theory, McMillan, USA, 1964.
 - Pillai S.O., Solid state physics, New Age International Publications, 2002.

PHY404 : Solid State Physics 3

Free electron theory of metals: Boltzmann transport equation, Sommerfeld's theory of electrical conductivity, mean free path in metals, temperature dependence of resistivity on temperature and impurities. Matthiessens rule. Electron-phonon collisions. Thermal conductivity of insulators, Umklapp processes. Electrical conductivity of metals at high frequencies. Plasma frequency. Transparency of alkali metals to UV radiation. Anomalous skin effect. Plasmons. Field enhanced emission, Schottky effect. Hall effect and magnetoresistance in metals. Cyclotron frequency.

[16 hours]

Elemental and compound semiconductors: A brief discussion on elemental and compound semiconductors and their properties [Streetman, p61{95].

Impurity semiconductors: Carrier concentrations. Effect of temperature and impurity density. Electrical neutrality condition. Fermi energy. Variation of Fermi energy with temperature and impurity density, when the Boltzmann approximation is valid, Effect of impurity density at very low temperatures. Mobility of current carriers. Effect

of temperature and impurity. Electrical conductivity. Effect of temperature, impurity concentration and the energy band gap. Impurity band conductivity. Hall effect in semiconductors: Expression for Hall coefficient in terms of mobility of current carriers and carrier densities. Hall mobility and Hall factor. Effect of temperature, impurity concentration and magnetic field. Magneto-resistance phenomenon (qualitative). Cyclotron resonance: Cyclotron resonance in Si and Ge semiconductors. Effective mass tensor. Variation of cyclotron resonance frequency with orientation of the crystal in the magnetic field [Mckelvey, p270{300}].

[16 hours]

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Excess carriers in semiconductors: Generation and recombination rates. Excess carriers. Continuity equations for excess carriers; Einstein equations, Expression for the diffusion length of electrons and holes [Mckelvey, p320{335}].

High field transport in semiconductors|electron temperature. Gunn effect, Expression for drift velocity. Superlattice phenomenon [Roy, p29{39}].

Semiconductor devices: The pn junction diode. Formation of space charge region.

Expressions for barrier potential, barrier thickness and contact field. Effect of the applied field on the above junction parameters. Transition capacitance associated with the space-charge region. Expressions for current densities using continuity equations for excess carriers. Transistors; dc current gain, β and β and cut-off frequencies [Mckelvey, p390{441}].

References

- Dekker A.J., Solid state physics, Prentice Hall, 1985.
- Mckelvey J.P., Solid state and semiconductor physics, 2nd Edn., Harper and Row, USA, 1966.
- Roy D.K., Physics of semiconductor devices, University Press, Hyderabad, 1992.
- Schur M., Physics of semiconductor devices, Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi, 1999.
- Wilson J. and Hawkes J.F.B., Optoelectronics|An introduction, 2nd Edn., Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi, 1996.
- Streetman B.G., Solid state electronic devices, 2nd Edn., Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi, 1983.
- Omar M.A., Elementary solid state physics, Addison Wesley, New Delhi, 2000.
- Wahab M.A., Solid state physics, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 1999.

PHY405 : Theoretical Physics 2

Quantum features of radiation field: Optical resonance, damping, Theory of chaotic light, coherence, temporal, spatial, mutual coherence, line broadening, natural and Doppler width, collision broadening. Quantized States of radiation field; Coherent states and their properties, BCH formula, P, Q and Wigner distribution functions, Squeezed states of light and their properties; applications. Correlation functions, Brown-Twiss correlations.

[16 hours]

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Quantization of the Dirac field: Second quantization, positron operators and positron spinors, Electromagnetic and Yukawa couplings. Weak interactions and parity non-conservation: Classification of interactions, parity and hyperon decay, Fermi theory of beta decay, the two-component neutrino. Pion decay and the CPT theorem.

[16 hours]

Covariant perturbation theory: Natural units and dimensions, S-matrix expansion in the Interaction representation. Unitarity, First order processes: Matrix element for electron scattering. Cross section for Mott scattering. Helicity change and spin projection operator. Pair annihilation, pair creation, hyperon decay. S-matrix for two photon annihilation, electron propagator, Matrix element for Compton scattering, Feynman

rules. Cross section for two photon annihilation.

[16 hours]

References

- Loudon R., The quantum theory of light, Clarendon Press, Oxford, 1973.
- Mandel L. and Wolf E., Optical coherence and quantum optics, Cambridge University Press, 1995.
- Louisell W.H., Quantum statistical properties of radiation, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1973.
- Sakurai J.J., Advanced quantum mechanics, Addison-Wesley, Harlow, England, First ISE Reprint, 1999.
- Griffiths D., Introduction to elementary particles, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1987.
- Gasiorowicz S., Elementary particle physics, John-Wiley, New York, 1966.
- Muirhead H., The physics of elementary particles, Pergamon Press, London, 1965.

PHY406 : Theoretical Physics 3

Angular momentum theory and applications: Angular momentum: Transformations under rotations. Coupling of three and four angular momenta. Racah coefficients, Wigner 9j symbols, applications. Wigner-Eckart theorem. Projection theorem. j - j and L-S coupling. Angular momentum in nuclear reactions, Spherical tensors. Evaluation of matrix elements between coupled angular momentum states. Vector spherical harmonics. Gradient theorem (without proof). Multipole radiation.

[16 hours]

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Density matrix: Pure states and mixed states. Density operator, properties and equation of motion. Polarization of light, states of polarized light, Jones matrices, Jones formalism, Stokes parameters, Poincaré sphere, Mueller matrices and Mueller formalism, Mueller matrices and their characterization, Few illustrative examples; comparison of Jones and Mueller formalisms. Pancharatnam phase, dynamical phase, cyclic evolution of polarization state on Poincaré sphere.

[16 hours]

Spin density matrix: The spin density matrix (ρ), multipole parameters, combined systems, Diagonalization of ρ . Oriented and non-oriented systems, Polarized and aligned systems, Spherical tensor basis and SU(N) basis. Spin and helicity in a relativistic process. Effect of Lorentz and discrete transformations on helicity states. Wick and Wigner rotations, pure rotation, pure boost and parity. Polarization in scattering of spin 1=2 particles.

[16 hours]

References

- Sakurai J. J. and Tuan S. F. (Editor), Modern quantum mechanics, Addison Wesley, India, 1999.
- Rose M.E., Elementary theory of angular momentum, John Wiley and Sons, USA, 1957.
- Edmonds A. R., Angular Momentum in Quantum Mechanics Princeton University Press, USA, 1996.
- Blum K., Density matrix theory and applications, Plenum Press, New York, 1981.
- Loudon R., The quantum theory of light, Clarendon Press, Oxford, 1973.
- Mandel L. and Wolf E., Optical coherence and quantum optics, Cambridge University Press, 1995.
- Pancharatnam S., Collected works, Oxford University Press, 1975.
- Louisell W.H., Quantum statistical properties of radiation, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1973.
- Leader E., Spin in particle physics, Cambridge University Press, London, 2001.

PHY407 : Quantum Mechanics 2

Time-dependent perturbation theory: Two-Level Systems, Emission and Absorption of Radiation, Spontaneous Emission. Rabi Oscillations.

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Adiabatic approximation: The Adiabatic Theorem, Berry's Phase, Sudden approximation.

Scattering: Introduction, Scattering cross section, Partial Wave Analysis, The Born Approximation, Rutherford scattering, The Lippmann-Schwinger equation [Gri_ths, Chap. 9{11].

[16 hours]

Relativistic kinematics: Relativistic kinematics of scattering and reactions. Elastic, Inelastic reactions, Decay of a particle $A \rightarrow B+C$, $A+B \rightarrow C$, $P_+ \rightarrow P_-$, $P_+ \rightarrow P_+P_+ \rightarrow P_-$.

Relativistic quantum mechanics: Klein Gordon equation, plane-wave solutions, negative energy. Equation of continuity. The difficulties of the Klein-Gordon equation.

The Dirac equation: The free-particle Dirac equation in the Hamiltonian form.

The algebra of Dirac matrices, Plane wave solutions of the free-particle equation, the two-component form of the solution in the Dirac-Pauli representation, standard normalisation of the solutions. Non-relativistic reduction and g factor.

[16 hours]

Spin of the Dirac particle: Non-conservation of the angular momentum operator $\sim L$; the spin operator $\sim S$ and the conservation of $\sim J = \sim L + \sim S$. Helicity. A brief discussion of the hydrogen atom according to Dirac theory, energy spectrum of the hydrogen atom. Negative energy states and anti-particles. Dirac operators in the Heisenberg representation, velocity, zitterbewegung.

Field quantisation: The Lagrangian formalism for a Classical field; Euler-Lagrange equations. Quantisation of the electromagnetic field. Creation and annihilation operators. Number representation. Quantisation of the Dirac field.

[16 hours]

References

- Gri_ths D.J., Introduction to quantum mechanics, 2nd Edition, Pearson, India, 2005.
- Sakurai J.J. and Tuan S.F. (Editor), Modern quantum mechanics, Addison Wesley, India, 1999.
- Sakurai J.J., Advanced quantum mechanics, Addison-Wesley, Harlow, England, 1999. Sons, New York, 1987.

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- Gasiorowicz S., Elementary particle physics, John-Wiley, New York, 1966.
- Muirhead H., The physics of elementary particles, Pergamon Press, London, 1965.

PHY411 : Condensed Matter Physics Lab

For those who have completed PHY311

Any eight of the following experiments :

- Determination of the paramagnetic susceptibility of the given salt by Quincke's method.
- Study of mercury spectrum by superimposing it on brass spectrum.
- Sodium spectrum analysis by using Edser-Butler fringes.
- Temperature coefficient of resistance of a thermistor.
- Analysis of the powder X-ray photograph of a simple cubic crystal.
- Thermionic work function of a metal (Richardson-Dushman formula).
- Energy gap of semiconductor.
- Determination of Stefan's constant.
- Frank Hertz experiment
- Magnetic hysteresis.
- Measurement of magneto resistance of semiconductors.

Total work load :2 day(s) per week \times 4 hours \times 16 weeks 128 hours

PHY412 : Nuclear Physics Lab

For those who have completed PHY312

Any eight of the following experiments

- Half-life of Indium-116 measurement.

- Energy Resolution of a NaI(Tl) scintillation spectrometer.
- Compton scattering determination of the rest energy of an electron.
- Beta absorption coefficient measurement.
- Dekatron as a counter of signals.
- Gamma-ray absorption coefficient measurement.
- End-point energy of beta particles by half thickness measurement.
- Common source amplifier.
- Astable multivibrator using timer IC 555.
- Dead time of the G.M. counter.

Total work load :2 day(s) per week × 4 hours × 16 weeks 128 hours

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PHY415 : Radiation Physics and Dosimetry

Radioactivity: Radioactive decay law, Successive disintegration (No derivation), Secular equilibrium, Transient equilibrium, Natural Radioactive series, Units of radioactivity. Background Radiation: Classification of Radiation, Background Radiation, Characteristic Radiation, Continuous Radiation. Radioactivity in Atmosphere. Radon, Properties of Radon, Origin of Radon, Radon in the atmosphere.

[16 hours]

Interaction of Photons with Matter: General Aspects, Attenuation Coefficients, Classical, Coherent and Incoherent Scattering, Photoelectric Effect, Pair Production. Interactions of Charged Particles with Matter: General Aspects, Stopping Power Range, Heavy Charged Particles, Light Charged Particles, Energy Deposition, Radiation Yield, Bremsstrahlung Targets.

[16 hours]

Dosimetric principles, quantities and units: Fluence and energy fluence, Absorbed dose, Kerma, Inter relationships, Fluence and dose (electrons), Energy fluence and kerma (photons), Kerma and dose (electronic equilibrium), Kerma and exposure. Inhalation dose, ingestion dose, working level.

Radiation Dosimeters and Detectors: Desirable properties, Ionization chambers and electrometers, Environmental dosimeters, TLD, Solid state Nuclear Track Detectors.

[16 hours]

Tutorial [32 hours]

References

- Krane K.S., Introductory nuclear physics, Wiley, New York, 1955.
- Krane K., Modern Physics, John Wiley and Sons, Inc. 1998.
- Evans R.D., The atomic nucleus, , Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1980.
- Wilkening M., Radon in the environment, Elsevier Science Publishers, AE Amsterdam, The Netherlands, 1990.
- Kapoor S.S. and Ramamoorthy V., Nuclear radiation detectors, Wiley Eastern, Bangalore, 2007.

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PHY416 : Nuclear Spectroscopy Methods

Ion implantation and backscattering spectroscopy: Ion implantation, Implantation technique, Ion beam diffusion, Thermal annealing and sputtering, Analysis techniques. Backscattering, Energy loss and straggling. Kinematics factor, differential scattering cross sections, depth scale, backscattering yield, instrumentation. Application to elemental and compound targets. Axial and planar half angles. Estimates of minimum yield. Lattice location of impurities, alignment procedures. Ion induced X-rays. Application of ion implantation.

[16 hours]

Compton scattering: Compton scattering from free electrons. Effects of external potential. Klein-Nishina cross sections for polarized and unpolarized radiation. Compton profiles, momentum distributions and impulse Compton profiles. Calculation of Compton profiles for electron models. Relativistic profile corrections: experimentation.

Discussion of methodology including sources, detectors and geometry. Data accumulation, analysis and multiple scattering corrections. Discussion of experimental results for some simple metals, ionic and covalent crystals.

[16 hours]

Positron annihilation spectroscopy: The positron and its discovery, Positronium, its characteristics, formation. Spur model and Ore gap model of positronium formation. Quenching and enhancement. Theory of 2-gamma and 3-gamma annihilations. Positron and positronium states in solids: trapping of positrons. Two state trapping model. Experimental methods of positron annihilation spectroscopy: Positron lifetime techniques (PLT), Angular Correlation of Annihilation Radiation (ACAR), Doppler broadening (DB) and Coincidence DB. Methods of data analysis: PLT and ACAR. Experimental results of some metals and defected materials. Interpretation of the experimental results. PAS in the study of polymers. Multiparameter techniques. A brief mention of slow positron beams.

[16 hours]

References

- Townsend P.D., Kelly J.C. and Hartley N.E.W., Ion implantation, sputtering and their applications, Academic Press, London, 1976.

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- Chu W.K., Mayer J.W. and Nicholate Mar A.O., Backscattering spectroscopy, Academic Press, New York, 1978.

- Mayer J.W. and Rimini B. (Eds.), Ion beam handbook for material analysis, Academic Press, 1977.

- Williams B. (Ed.), Compton scattering, McGraw-Hill, New York, 1977.

- Hautojarvi P. (Ed.), Positrons in solids, Springer Verlag, New York, 1979.

- Fava R.A. (Ed.), Methods of experimental physics, Academic Press, New York, 1980.

- Schradev D.M. and Jean Y.C., Positron and positronium chemistry, Elsevier Science Publication, Amsterdam, 1988.

- Jayaram B., Mass spectrometry{Theory and applications, Plenum Press, New York, 1966.

PHY417 : Modern Optics

Polarization of light: Pure states and mixed states. Density operator, properties and equation of motion. Polarization of light, states of polarized light, Jones matrices, Jones formalism, Stokes parameters, Poincar_e sphere, Mueller matrices and Mueller formalism, Mueller matrices and their characterization, Few illustrative examples; comparison of Jones and Mueller formalisms. Pancharatnam phase, dynamical phase, cyclic evolution of polarization state on Poincar_e sphere; Applications of the concept of Pancharatnam phase,

[16 hours]

Quantum features of radiation _eld: Planck's law of radiation and Einstein coe_- cients, Thermal equilibrium, Semi-classical theory of two level atoms, quantum theory of B coe_ cient, Optical resonance, damping, Theory of chaotic light, coherence, temporal, spatial, mutual coherence, line broadening, natural and Doppler width, collision broadening.

[16 hours]

Quantized radiation _eld: Quantization of radiation _eld, States of radiation _eld; Fock states and phase eigenstates; Interaction of radiation with matter, theory of spontaneous emission; Coherent states and their properties, BCH formula, P, Q and Wigner

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distribution functions, Squeezed states of light and their properties; applications. Correlation functions, Brown-Twiss correlations.

[16 hours]

References

- Loudon R., The quantum theory of light, Clarendon Press, Oxford, 1973.
- Mandel L. and Wolf E., Optical coherence and quantum optics, Cambridge University Press, 1995.
- Louisell W.H., Quantum statistical properties of radiation, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1973.
- Blum K., Density matrix theory and applications, Plenum Press, New York, 1981.
- Pancharatnam S., Collected works, Oxford University Press, 1975.

PHY418 : Electronics

Transistor ampli_ers: BJT transistor modelling, Hybrid equivalent model, Voltage divider bias, CE and Emitter follower con_gurations, Frequency response. Hybrid model equivalent circuit concept.

Feedback ampli_er: Feedback concept, Feedback connections type, Practical feedback circuits.

Oscillators: Oscillator operation, Phase shift oscillator, Wein-bridge oscillator, Crystal oscillator: BJT version.

FET ampli_ers: FET small signal model, Biasing of FET, Common drain common gate con_gurations, MOSFETs, FET ampli_er and its frequency response.

[16 hours]

Operational ampli_ers: Concepts of di_erential ampli_er, Ideal op-amp, op-amp parameters, ideal voltage transfer curve, open loop and closed op-amp con_gurations, inverting ampli_er, noninverting ampli_er, limitations of open loop op-amp con_gurations.

Operational ampli_er applications: Summing, scaling and averaging ampli_ers, voltage to current converter with grounded load, current to voltage converter, integrator, di_erentiator, V to I and I to V converters, Log and antilog ampli_ers, Wave

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form generators, phase shift oscillator, Wein bridge oscillator. Non-linear circuit applications:

Crossing detectors, 555 timer as a mono-stable and astable multivibrators, Active Filters|First and second order Low pass and High pass _lters, Butterworth _lters.

[16 hours]

Digital electronics: Boolean Laws and Theorems, addition and subtraction based on 1's and 2's complements, Families of gates, RS and JK ip-ops, The Master-Slave JK Flip-Flop, D and T ipops. Karnaugh maps for 3 and 4 variables, Decoders-BCD decoders, Encoders.

Combinational logic circuits: Shift registers-series, series in-series out and parallel in parallel out. Half and full adders, Registers, Counters - Binary Ripple Counters, Synchronous Binary counters, Counters based on Shift Registers, Synchronous counters, Synchronous Mod-6 Counter using clocked JK Flip-Flops. Synchronous Mod-6 Counter using clocked D, T, or SR Flip-Flops. Memory cells, memory registers

[16 hours]

References

- Boylestad R.L. and Nashelsky L., Electronic devices and circuit theory, 4th Edn., Pearson Education, 2006.
- Bell D.A., Operational ampli_ers and linear circuits, 2nd Edn., Pearson Education, 2004.
- Gaekwad R.A., Operational ampli_ers and linear integrated circuits, Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi, 1993.
- Malvino A.P. and Leach D.P., Digital principles and applications, 4th Edn., Tata McGraw Hill, 1988.
- Arivazhagan S. and Salivahananan S., Digital circuits and design, Vikash Publishing House Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi, 2001.

PHY419 : Biophysics

The broad characteristics of a typical cell-cell organelles-The molecular composition of a cell. Biological molecules and their general character-Cell behaviour-Viruses-Genetics and Biophysics. Molecular Physics. The conservation of energy in biological process-Metabolism or chemical energy turnover-Statistical thermodynamics and biology-The

theory of absolute reaction rates-Thermal inactivation-The entropy transfer of living

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organisms-Information theory-Relation between information and entropy-Information

content of some biological systems-Information content of a bacterial cell.

[16 hours]

Determination of size and shape of molecules-Random motion-diffusion-sedimentation-Optical methods-Rotational diffusion and birefringence. X-ray analysis and molecular structure-diffraction of x-rays-crystal structure and the unit cell. Diffraction patterns of some proteins-the structure of globular proteins-the structure of polypeptide chains-the pleated sheets and beta-keratin-the alpha-helix and alpha-keratin-the structure of nucleic acids polymers - the structure of nucleoproteins-the analysis of virus structures.

[16 hours]

Absorption spectroscopy-vibrations of polyatomic molecules-characteristic bond frequencies-Raman spectra and the dipolar nature of amino acids- the vibrational spectra of proteins-the energy levels of hydrogen bonded structures- Absorption coefficient and cross section- Experimental techniques for absorption measurements- Absorption by oriented dipoles-dichroic ratios of proteins and nucleic acids-electronic spectra of polyatomic molecules-Ultraviolet absorption by proteins and nucleic acids- The fine structure in spectra-Polarised ultra violet light- electron spin resonance(brief)-Nuclear magnetic resonance (brief).

[16 hours]

References

- Setlow R.B. and Pollard E.C., Molecular biophysics, Pergamon Press, London-Paris 1962.
- Volkenshtein M.V., Biophysics, Mir Publishers, Moscow, 1983.
- Sam K., Biophysics, Rajat Publication, 2005.
- Rodney C., Biophysics, John-Wiley, 2004.
- Glaser R., Biophysics-An introduction, Springer, 2004.
- Nihaluddin, A Textbook of biophysics, Sonali Publications, 2009.

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PHY421 : Nuclear Physics Lab 2

For those who have completed PHY313

Any one of the following experiments:

- Schmitt trigger.
- Variable delay line.
- Pulse recorder.
- Internal conversion using MCA.
- Feather analysis: End-point energy of beta rays measurement.
- Z dependence of external Bremsstrahlung radiation.
- Fermi-Kurie plot : Determination of the end-point energy of beta rays using a plastic scintillation detector.
- Dead time of a GM counter by two source method.
- Determination of source strength by gamma-gamma coincidence.
- Determination of source strength by beta-gamma coincidence.

Total work load :1 day(s) per week x 4 hours x 16 weeks 64 hours

PHY423 : Solid State Physics Lab 2

For those who have completed PHY314

Any one of the following experiments:

- Photovoltaic cell.
- Photoconductive cell.
- Hall effect in semiconductors.
- Determination of the energy gap of semiconductors by four-probe method.
- Temperature variation of the junction voltage of a p-n diode.

- Temperature variation of the reverse saturation current in a p-n diode.
- Depletion capacitance of a junction diode.
- Determination of material constant of an intrinsic semiconductor.
- Schottky effect.
- Ionic conductivity of an alkali halide crystal.
- Dielectric constant and its temperature variation.
- Ultrasonic velocity and elastic constants of a solid.
- Determination of Curie temperature of a magnetic material.

Total work load :1 day(s) per week × 4 hours × 16 weeks 64 hours

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PHY425 : Theoretical Physics Lab 2

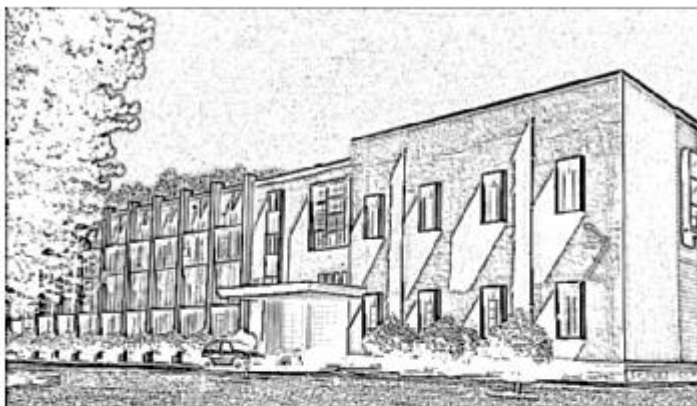
For those who have completed PHY315

Any one of the following experiments:

1. Density matrix description of polarization of light.
2. Double scattering of spin-1/2 particles on spin-zero targets.
3. Second order QED processes (Compton scattering).
4. Evolution of matrix elements between coupled angular momentum states.
5. Dirac matrix representations.
6. Algebra of Dirac matrices.
7. Electron-proton scattering, Rosenbluth formula.
8. Relativistic kinematics-3: Study of decay and production processes.
9. Feynman diagrams and calculations.
10. Energy matrix calculation.

Total work load :1 day(s) per week × 4 hours × 16 weeks 64 hours

PHY431 : Minor Project



**Course Structure and Syllabus for
B.Sc.(Hon.) and M.Sc.(Physics)
under Choice Based Credit Scheme (CBCS)
2016–18**



Department of Studies in Physics
University of Mysore, Manasagangotri, MYSURU 570 006
<http://uomphysics.net>

General Information about CBCS

- The Masters Degree program is of 4 semesters, two years duration. A candidate can avail a maximum of 8 semesters, 4 years (in one stretch) to complete Masters degree (including blank semesters, if any). Whenever a candidate opts for blank semesters, he /she has to study the prevailing courses offered by the department.
- A candidate has to earn a minimum of 76 credits for successful completion of a masters degree. The 76 credits shall be earned by the candidate by studying Hardcore, Softcore/Electives/Minor project, Major project, dissertation as specified in the respective program.

Hard core : A minimum of 42, but not exceeding 52.

Soft core : A minimum of 16.

Open elective : A minimum of 4.

- On completion of 40 credits by a candidate, he/she will be given a Bachelor (Honors) degree in the respective subject.
- A candidate admitted to Masters program can exercise an option to exit with Bachelor Honors Degree/PG diploma after earning 40 credits successfully.
- A candidate has a provision to go with a normal pace of 18 credits per semester. However, he/she may opt to go with a slow pace of less than 18 credits per semester or with an accelerated pace of as high as 24 credits per semester with the approval of the department council.
- Only such candidates who register for a minimum of 18 credits per semester and complete successfully 76 credits in 4 successive semesters shall be considered for declaration of ranks, medals and are eligible to apply for student fellowship, scholarship, free ships and hostel facilities.
- Each student shall be evaluated continuously by means of tests and/or assignments. There will be a test, C₁ in the eighth week and another one, C₂ in the sixteenth week of the semester. A final examination, C₃ will be held around eighteenth week.
- The C₁ and C₂ tests will be for 15 marks each and C₃ will be for 70 marks. If marks scored in C₁ + C₂ < 30%, the student is not allowed to take C₃. If the attendance is < 75%, then also the student is not allowed to take C₃. The student is said to have dropped the course.
- A minimum of 75% attendance in a semester for each paper is essential to appear for the C₃ examination. A student who fails to get the required amount of attendance will have to re-register for the course when it is offered again.

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General Information about CBCS

- In case a candidate secures less than 30% in C₃ or secures more than 30% in C₃ but less than 50% in C₁, C₂ and C₃ put together, the candidate is said to have not completed the course and he/she may either opt to drop the course or to utilize pending option. The candidate has to give it in writing to the chairperson of the department within one week of announcement of C₃ component. The candidate with pending option shall complete C₃ component before the end of double the duration by reappearing only for C₃ component of that course and he/she carries the same marks awarded in C₁ and C₂.
- A candidate has to re-register for the dropped course when the course is offered again by the department if it is a hard core course. The candidate may choose the same or an alternate core/elective in case the dropped course is soft core/elective course. A candidate who is said to have dropped project work has to re-register for the same subsequently within the stipulated period. The details of any dropped course will not appear in the grade card.
- A candidate has an option to withdraw a course even after final examination, if he/she feels that he/she should improve in the course in terms of grade. The withdrawal of a course can be either only for C₃ components, in which the candidate has to reappear for only C₃ component to improve, carrying the marks of

C₁ and C₂ components (this option is called pending option), or for the entire course where the candidate has to re-enroll for the course afresh or can chose an alternative course if the

• C₁ and C₂ tests will be for 1.5 hours duration. C₃ examination will be for 3 hours duration. Practical tests/examinations will be for 2/4 hours respectively.

To know the complete regulations presently in force at the university, please visit the university website

<http://uni-mysore.ac.in>

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Credit Pattern for M.Sc.(Physics) 2016–18

Semester 1

Paper Credits (L+T+P)

Hard Core Papers

PHY101 Classical Mechanics 3 + 0 + 0 = 3

PHY102 Mathematical Methods of Physics 1 3 + 0 + 0 = 3

PHY103 Mathematical Methods of Physics 2 3 + 0 + 0 = 3

PHY104 Classical Electrodynamics, and Optics 3 + 0 + 0 = 3

PHY105 Computer Lab CL-A 0 + 0 + 2 = 2

Soft Core Papers

PHY106 Optics Lab_ 0 + 0 + 4 = 4

PHY107 Electronics Lab_ 0 + 0 + 4 = 4

_ A student can opt either for PHY106 or PHY107.

L: Lecture; T: Tutorial; P: Practicals

Credits earned : Hard core : 14; Soft core : 4

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Credit Pattern for M.Sc.(Physics) 2016–18

Semester 2

Paper Credits (L+T+P)

Hard Core Papers

PHY201 Continuum Mechanics and Relativity 3 + 0 + 0 = 3

PHY202 Thermal Physics 3 + 0 + 0 = 3

PHY203 Quantum Mechanics 1 3 + 0 + 0 = 3

PHY204 Spectroscopy and Fourier Optics 3 + 0 + 0 = 3

PHY205 Computer Lab CL-B 0 + 0 + 2 = 2

Soft Core Papers

PHY206 Optics Lab_ 0 + 0 + 4 = 4

PHY207 Electronics Lab_ 0 + 0 + 4 = 4

Open Elective Papers

PHY211 Modern Physics 3 + 1 + 0 = 4

_ For students who have completed PHY107.

_ For students who have completed PHY106.

L: Lecture; T: Tutorial; P: Practicals

Credits earned : Hard core : 14; Soft core : 4

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Credit Pattern for M.Sc.(Physics) 2016–18

Semester 3

Paper Credits (L+T+P)

Hard Core Papers

PHY301 Nuclear and Particle Physics 3 + 0 + 0 = 3

PHY302 Condensed Matter Physics 3 + 0 + 0 = 3

PHY311 Nuclear Physics Labz 0 + 0 + 4 = 4

PHY312 Condensed Matter Physics Labz 0 + 0 + 4 = 4

Soft Core Papers

(Students are permitted to register for any one of the following groups)

PHY303 Nuclear Physics 1 3 + 0 + 0 = 3

PHY313 Nuclear Physics Lab 1_0 + 0 + 2 = 2
PHY304 Solid State Physics 1 3 + 0 + 0 = 3
PHY314 Solid State Physics Lab 1_0 + 0 + 2 = 2
PHY305 Theoretical Physics 1 3 + 0 + 0 = 3
PHY315 Theoretical Physics Lab 1_y0 + 0 + 2 = 2

Soft Core Papers

(Students are permitted to register for any one of the following groups)

PHY306 Accelerator Physics 3 + 0 + 0 = 3
PHY307 Liquid Crystals 3 + 0 + 0 = 3
PHY308 Atmospheric Physics 3 + 0 + 0 = 3
PHY309 Numerical Methods 3 + 0 + 0 = 3
PHY321 Python Programming 2 + 0 + 1 = 3
PHY322 Minor Project 4

Open Elective Papers

PHY320 Energy Science 3 + 1 + 0 = 4

_z A student can opt either for PHY311 or PHY312.

_ Compulsory for students who have opted for PHY303.

_ Compulsory for students who have opted for PHY304.

_y Compulsory for students who have opted for PHY305.

Credits earned : Hard core : 10; Soft core : 8 or 9

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Credit Pattern for M.Sc.(Physics) 2016–18

Semester 4

Paper Credits (L+T+P)

Hard Core Papers

PHY407 Quantum Mechanics 2 3 + 0 + 0 = 3
PHY411 Condensed Matter Physics Lab_a 0 + 0 + 4 = 4
PHY412 Nuclear Physics Lab_b 0 + 0 + 4 = 4

Soft Core Papers

(Students are permitted to register for any one of the following groups)

PHY401 Nuclear Physics 2_3 + 0 + 0 = 3
PHY402 Nuclear Physics 3_3 + 0 + 0 = 3
PHY421 Nuclear Physics Lab 2_0 + 0 + 2 = 2
PHY403 Solid State Physics 2__3 + 0 + 0 = 3
PHY404 Solid State Physics 3__3 + 0 + 0 = 3
PHY423 Solid State Physics Lab 2__0 + 0 + 2 = 2
PHY405 Theoretical Physics 2_y3 + 0 + 0 = 3
PHY406 Theoretical Physics 3_y3 + 0 + 0 = 3
PHY425 Theoretical Physics Lab 2_y0 + 0 + 2 = 2

Soft Core Papers

(Students are permitted to register for any one of the following groups)

PHY416 Nuclear Spectroscopy Methods 3 + 0 + 0 = 3
PHY417 Modern Optics 3 + 0 + 0 = 3
PHY418 Electronics 3 + 0 + 0 = 3
PHY419 Biophysics 3 + 0 + 0 = 3
PHY431 Minor Project 4

Open Elective Papers

PHY415 Radiation Physics and Dosimetry 3 + 1 + 0 = 4

_a For students who have completed PHY311.

_b For students who have completed PHY312.

_ Compulsory for students who have completed PHY303.

_ Compulsory for students who have completed PHY304.

_y Compulsory for students who have completed PHY305.

Credits earned : Hard core : 7; Soft core : 8 or 11 or 12

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PHY101 : Classical Mechanics

Mechanics of a system of particles: Conservation of linear and angular momenta in the absence of (net) external forces and torques using centre of mass. The energy equation and the total potential energy of a system of particles using scalar potential. The Lagrangean method: Constraints and their classifications. Generalized coordinates. Virtual displacement, D'Alembert's principle and Lagrangean equations of the second kind. Examples of (I) single particle in Cartesian, spherical polar and cylindrical polar coordinate systems, (II) Atwood's machine and (III) a bead sliding on a rotating wire in a force-free space, (IV) Simple pendulum. Derivation of Lagrange equation from Hamilton principle.

Motion of a particle in a central force field: Binet equation for central orbit (Lagrangean method).

[16 hours]

Hamilton's equations: Generalized momenta. Hamilton's equations. Examples| simple harmonic oscillator, simple pendulum, compound pendulum, motion of a particle in a central force field, charged particle moving in an electromagnetic field and Hamiltonian for a free particle in different coordinates. Cyclic coordinates. Physical significance of the Hamiltonian function. Derivation of Hamilton's equations from a variational principle.

Canonical transformations: Definition, Generating functions (Four basic types), examples of Canonical transformations. Harmonic oscillator as an example to canonical transformation, Infinitesimal contact transformation. Poisson brackets; properties of Poisson brackets, angular momentum and Poisson bracket relations. Equation of motion in the Poisson bracket notation. The Hamilton-Jacobi equation; the example of the harmonic oscillator treated by the Hamilton-Jacobi method.

[16 hours]

Mechanics of rigid bodies: Degrees of freedom of a free rigid body, Angular momentum and kinetic energy of rigid body. Moment of inertia tensor, principal moments of inertia, products of inertia, the inertia tensor. Euler equations of motion for a rigid body. Torque free motion of a rigid body. Precession of earth's axis of rotation, Euler angles, angular velocity of a rigid body.

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Small oscillations of mechanical system: Introduction, types of equilibria, Quadratic forms of kinetic and potential energies of a system in a equilibrium, General theory of small oscillations, secular equation and eigenvalue equation, small oscillations in normal coordinates and normal modes, examples of two coupled oscillators, vibrations of a linear triatomic molecule.

[16 hours]

References

- Upadhyaya J.C., Classical mechanics, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai. 2006. (Unit 1. Chapter 1 and 2 page No. 1-50.)
- Goldstein H., Poole C. and Safko J., Classical mechanics, 3rd Edn., Pearson Education, New Delhi. 2002. (Unit 1, Chapter 1 page 1-14, 16-21, 24-29)
- Srinivasa Rao K.N., Classical mechanics, Universities Press, Hyderabad. 2003.
- Takwale R.G. and Puranik S., Introduction to classical mechanics, Tata McGraw, New Delhi, 1991.
- Landau L.D. and Lifshitz E.M., Classical mechanics, 4th Edn., Pergamon Press, 1985.

PHY102 : Mathematical Methods of Physics 1

Tensor analysis: Curvilinear coordinates, tensors and transformation theory: Tensors of rank r as a r -linear form in base vectors. Transformation rules for base vectors and tensor components. Invariance of tensors under transformation of coordinates. Sum, difference and outer products of tensors, Contraction. Curvilinear coordinates in the Euclidean 3-space. Covariant and contravariant basis vectors. Covariant and contravariant components of the metric tensor. Raising and lowering of indices. Differentials

of base vector fields. Christoffel symbols. Covariant differentiation. The contracted Christoffel symbol. Grad, divergence, curl and Laplacian in arbitrary curvilinear coordinates.

[16 hours]

Special functions: Differential equations, Hermite and Laguerre functions: Partial differential equations, Separation of variables- Helmholtz equation in cartesian, cylindrical and spherical polar coordinates. Differential equations: Regular and irregular singular points of a second order ordinary differential equations. Series solutions(Frobenius method. Examples of Harmonic oscillator and Bessel's equation. Linear dependence
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and independence of solutions-Wronskian. Hermite functions: Solution to the Hermite equation, Generating functions, Recurrence relations, Rodrigues representation, Orthogonality. Laguerre functions: Differential equation and its solution, -Laguerre polynomials, Generating function, Recurrence relations, Rodrigues representation, Orthogonality. Associated Laguerre functions: Definition, Generating function, Recurrence relations and orthogonality. The gamma function and beta function; definition and simple properties.

[16 hours]

Linear vector space: Definition. Linear dependence and independence of vectors. Dimension. Basis. Change of basis. Subspace. Isomorphism of vector spaces. Linear operators. Matrix representative of a linear operator in a given basis. Effect of change of basis. Invariant subspace. Eigenvalues and eigenvectors. Characteristic equation. The Schur canonical form. Diagonalisation of a normal matrix. Schur's theorem.

[16 hours]

References

- Arfken G.B. and Weber H.J., Mathematical methods for physicists, 4th Edn., Academic Press, New York (Prism Books, Bangalore, India), 1995.
- Harris E.G., Introduction to modern theoretical physics, Vol. 1, John Wiley, New York, 1975.
- Srinivasa Rao K.N., The rotation and Lorentz groups and their representations for physicists, Wiley Eastern, New Delhi, 2003.
- Shankar R., Principles of quantum mechanics, 2nd Edn., Plenum Press, New York, 1984.

PHY103 : Mathematical Methods of Physics 2

Linear representations of groups Groups of regular matrices; the general linear groups $GL(n;C)$ and $GL(n;R)$. The special linear groups $SL(n;C)$ and $SL(n;R)$. The unitary groups $U(n)$ and $SU(n)$. The orthogonal groups $O(n;C)$, $O(n;R)$, $SO(n;C)$ and $SO(n;R)$.

Rotation group The matrix exponential function|Definition and properties. Rotation matrix in terms of axis and angle. Eigen values of a rotation matrix. Euler resolution
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of a rotation. Definition of a representation. Equivalence. Reducible and irreducible representations. Schur's lemma. Construction of the $D_{1=2}$ and D_1 representation of $SO(3)$ by exponentiation. Mention of the D_j irreps $SO(3)$.

[16 hours]

Special functions: Sturm Liouville theory, Bessel functions, Legendre functions and Spherical harmonics: Sturm Liouville theory: Self adjoint ODE's, Hermitian operators, completeness of eigenfunctions, Green's function|eigenfunction expansion. Bessel functions: Bessel functions of the first kind $J_n(x)$. Bessel differential equation, generating function for $J_n(x)$, integrals for $J_0(x)$ and $J_n(x)$, recurrence formulae for $J_n(x)$, orthogonal properties of Bessels polynomials. Legendre functions: Legendre differential equation, Legendre polynomials, generating functions, recurrence formulae, Rodrigues representation, orthogonality. Associated Legendre polynomials. The differential equation, orthogonality relation. Spherical harmonics: Definition and orthogonality.

[16 hours]

Fourier transforms and integral equations: Integral transforms, Development of the Fourier integral. Fourier transforms-inversion theorem. Fourier transform of derivatives. Convolution theorem. Momentum representation, Integral equations: Types of linear integral equations|definitions. Transformation of a differential equation into an integral equation. Abel's equation, Neumann series, separable kernels.

[16 hours]

References

- Srinivasa Rao K.N., The rotation and Lorentz groups and their representations for physicists, Wiley Eastern, New Delhi, 1988.
- Arfken G.B. and Weber H.J., Mathematical methods for physicists, 5th. Edn., Academic Press, New York, 2001. Page no. 621{630, 675{694, 741{770.
- Gupta B.D., Mathematical physics, 4th Edn, 2011. Page no. 8.48{8.83, 8.16-8.48

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PHY104 : Classical Electrodynamics, Plasma Physics and Optics

Electric multipole moments: The electric dipole and multipole moments of a system of charges. Multipole expansion of the scalar potential of an arbitrary charge distribution.

Potential formulation: Maxwell equations in terms of electromagnetic potentials.

Gauge transformations. The Lorentz, Coulomb and radiation gauges.

Fields of moving charges and radiation: The retarded potentials. The Lienard-Wiechert potentials. Fields due to an arbitrarily moving point charge. The special case of a charge moving with constant velocity.

Radiating systems: Radiation from an oscillating dipole. Power radiated by a point charges|Larmor formula. Lienard's generalisation of Larmor formula. Energy loss in bremsstrahlung and linear accelerators. Radiation reaction|Abraham-Lorentz formula.

[16 hours]

Relativistic electrodynamics: Charge and fields as observed in different frames.

Covariant formulation of electrodynamics-Electromagnetic field tensor-Transformation of fields - Field due to a point charge in uniform motion-Lagrangian formulation of the motion of charged particle in an electromagnetic field.

Plasma physics: Quasineutrality of a plasma-plasma behaviour in magnetic fields, Plasma as a conducting uid, magnetohydrodynamics, magnetic confinement, Pinch effect, instabilities, Plasma waves.

[16 hours]

Electromagnetic waves: Monochromatic plane waves|velocity, phase and polarization. Propagation of plane electromagnetic waves in (a) conducting media and (b) ionized gases. Reflection and refraction of electromagnetic waves|Fresnel formulae for parallel and perpendicular components. Brewster law. Normal and anomalous dispersion|Clausius-Mossotti relation.

Interference: General theory of interference of two monochromatic waves. Two-beam and Multiple-beam interference with a plane-parallel plate. Fabry-Perot interferometer|etalon construction, resolving power and its application. Interference filters.

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Diffraction: Integral theorem of Helmholtz and Kirchoff. Fresnel-Kirchoff diffraction formula|conditions for Fraunhofer and Fresnel diffraction. Fraunhofer diffraction due to a circular aperture.

[16 hours]

References

- Griffiths D.J., Introduction to electrodynamics, 5th Edn., Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi, 2006.
- Jackson J.D., Classical electrodynamics, 2nd Edn., Wiley-Eastern Ltd, India, 1998.

- Born M. and Wolf E., Principles of optics, 6th Edn., Pergamon Press, Oxford, 1980.
- Matveev A.N., Optics, Mir Publishers, Moscow, 1988.
- Laud B.B., Electromagnetics, Wiley Eastern Limited, India, 2000.

PHY105 : Computer Lab CL-A

• Linux operating system basics (4 sessions) :
Login procedure; creating, deleting directories; copy, delete, renaming files; absolute and relative paths; Permissions setting, changing; Using text editor.

- Scientific text processing with L^AT_EX.

Typeset text using text effects, special symbols, lists, table, mathematics and including figures in documents.

- Using the plotting program GNUPLOT (2 sessions) :

Plotting commands; To plot data from an experiment and applying least-squares fit to the data points. Including a plot in a L^AT_EX file.

- Using the mathematics package OCTAVE (2 sessions) To compute functions, matrices, eigenvalues, inverse, roots.

Total work load :1 day(s) per week × 4 hours × 16 weeks 64 hours

PHY106 : Optics Lab

Any ten of the following experiments:

- Verification of the Brewster law of polarisation.
- Verification of Fresnel laws of reflection from a plane dielectric surface.
- Determination of the inversion temperature of the copper-iron thermocouple.

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PHY201 : Continuum Mechanics and Relativity

Continuum mechanics of solid media: Small deformations of an elastic solid; the strain tensor. The stress tensor. Equations of equilibrium and the symmetry of the stress tensor. The generalised Hooke law for a homogeneous elastic medium; the elastic modulus tensor. Navier equations of motion for a homogeneous isotropic medium.

Fluid mechanics: Equation of continuity. Flow of a viscous fluid|Navier-Stokes equation and its solution for the case of a flow through a cylindrical pipe. The Poiseuille formula.

[16 hours]

Minkowski space time: Real coordinates in Minkowski space time. Definition of 4-tensors. The Minkowski scalar product and the Minkowski metric $\eta_{ij} = \text{diag}(1; -1; -1; -1)$. Orthogonality of 4-vectors. Raising and lowering of 4-tensor indices. Time like, null, and space like vectors and world-lines. The light-cone at an event.

Relativistic mechanics of a material particle: The proper-time interval $d\tau$ along the world-line of a material particle. The instantaneous (inertial) rest-frame of a material particle and the components of 4-velocity, 4-acceleration and the 4-momentum vector in this frame. Statement of second law of Newton in this frame. Determination of the fourth component F_4 of the 4-force along the world-line of the particle. Motion of a particle under the conservative 3-force field and the energy integral. The rest energy and the relativistic kinetic energy of a particle.

[16 hours]

Einstein's equations: The Principle of Equivalence and general covariance, inertial mass, gravitational mass, E₀ experiment, gravitation as space time curvature, Gravitational field equations of Einstein and its Newtonian limits.

The Schwarzschild metric: Heuristic derivation of the Schwarzschild line element.

Motion of particles and light rays in the Schwarzschild field. Explanation of the (a) perihelion advance of planet Mercury, (b) gravitational red shift and (c) gravitational bending

of light. A brief discussion of the Schwarzschild singularity and the Schwarzschild black hole.

[16 hours]

References

- Landau L.D. and Lifshitz E.M., Fluid mechanics, Pergamon Press, 1987.
- Landau L.D. and Lifshitz E.M., Theory of elasticity, Pergamon Press, 1987.
- Synge J.L., Relativity: The special theory, North-Holland, 1972.

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- Landau L.D. and Lifshitz E.M., The classical theory of fields, 4th Edn., (Sections 1 to 6, 16 to 18, 23 to 25, 26 to 35), Pergamon Press, Oxford, 1985.
- Wald R.M., General relativity, The University of Chicago Press, Chicago, 1984.
- Schutz B.F., A first course in general relativity, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1985.
- Bergman P., Introduction to theory of relativity, Prentice-Hall of India, 1969.
- Rindler R., Relativity: Special, general and cosmological, Oxford University Press, 2006.

PHY202 : Thermal Physics

Thermodynamics preliminaries: A brief overview of thermodynamics, Maxwell's relations, specific heats from thermodynamic relations, the third law of thermodynamics.

Applications of thermodynamics: Thermodynamic description of phase transitions, Surface effects in condensation. Phase equilibria; Equilibrium conditions; Classification of phase transitions; phase diagrams; Clausius-Clapeyron equation, applications. Van der Waals' equation of state. Irreversible thermodynamics|Onsager's reciprocal relation, thermoelectric phenomenon, Peltier effect, Seebeck effect, Thompson effect, systems far from equilibrium.

[16 hours]

Classical statistical mechanics: Phase space, division of phase space into cells, ensembles, ergodic hypotheses, average values in phase space, density distribution in phase space. Liouville theorem, statistical equilibrium, postulate of equal a priori probability, Stirling's formula, concept of probability, microstates and macrostates, general expression for probability, the most probable distribution, Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution, microcanonical ensemble, canonical ensemble, grand canonical ensemble, partition function of system of particles, translational partition function (monoatomic). Boltzmann theorem of equipartition of energy, vibrational partition function of diatomic molecules (Einstein relations), rotational partition function (diatomic).

[16 hours]

Quantum statistical mechanics: The postulates of quantum statistical mechanics.

Symmetry of wave functions. The Liouville theorem in quantum statistical mechanics; condition for statistical equilibrium; Ensembles in quantum mechanics; The quantum distribution functions (Bose Einstein and Fermi Dirac); the Boltzmann limit of Boson and Fermion gases; the derivation of the corresponding distribution functions.

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Applications of quantum statistics: Equation of state of an ideal Fermi gas (derivation not expected), application of Fermi-Dirac statistics to the theory of free electrons in metals. Application of Bose Einstein statistics to the photon gas, derivation of Planck's law, comments on the rest mass of photons, Thermodynamics of Black body radiation. Bose-Einstein condensation.

[16 hours]

References

- Agarwal B.K. and Eisner M., Statistical mechanics, New Age International Publishers, 2000.
- Roy S.K., Thermal physics and statistical mechanics, New Age International Pub., 2000.
- Huang K., Statistical mechanics, Wiley-Eastern, 1975.

- Laud B.B., Fundamentals of statistical mechanics, New Age International Pub., India, 2000, p6{39, p77{105.
- Gopal E.S.R., Statistical mechanics and properties of matter, Ellis Horwood Ltd., UK, 1976, p34{77.
- Schroeder D.V., An introduction to thermal physics, Pearson Education New Delhi, 2008.
- Salinas S.R.A., Introduction to statistical physics, Springer, 2004.

PHY203 : Quantum Mechanics 1

Introduction: The wave function, The Schroedinger equation, The statistical interpretation, Probability, discrete and continuous variables, Normalisation, Momentum, The Uncertainty Principle [Gri_ths, Chap. 1].

The time-independent Schroedinger equation: Stationary states, The In_nite square well, The Harmonic Oscillator, Algebraic and analytic methods, The Free Particle, The Delta-Function Potential, The Finite Square Well [Gri_ths, Chap. 2].

[16 hours]

Formalism: Hilbert space, Observables, Eigenfunctions of a Hermitian operator.

The Generalized Statistical Interpretation, The Uncertainty Principle, Dirac notation. [Gri_ths, Chap. 3].

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Quantum Mechanics in three dimensions, Schroedinger Equations in Spherical Coordinates, The Hydrogen Atom, Angular Momentum, Spin [Gri_ths, p143{189].

Identical particles: two particle systems, atoms, solids. [Gri_ths, p218{222].

[16 hours]

The time-independent perturbation theory: Nondegenerate Perturbation Theory, _rst and second order perturbation, Degenerate Perturbation Theory, The Fine Structure of Hydrogen, The Zeeman e_ect. The Variation Principle: Theory, The Ground State of Helium, The Hydrogen Molecule Ion. The WKB Approximation: The Classical Region, Tunneling [Gri_ths, p261{273, 278{282, 289{292, 305{320, 327{337].

[16 hours]

References

- Gri_ths D.J., Introduction to quantum mechanics, 2nd Edition, Pearson, India, 2005.
- Shankar R., Principles of quantum mechanics, 2nd Edn., Plenum Press, New York, 1984.

PHY204 : Spectroscopy and Fourier Optics

Atomic spectroscopy: Spectroscopic terms and their notations. Spin-orbit interaction, quantum mechanical relativity correction; Lamb shift. Zeeman e_ect, Normal and anomalous Zeeman e_ect, Paschen-Back e_ect. Stark e_ect, Weak_eld and strong_eld e_ects. Hyper_ne structure of spectral lines: Nuclear spin and hyper_ne splitting, intensity ratio and determination of nuclear spin. Breadth of spectral lines, natural breadth, Doppler e_ect and external e_ect.

[16 hours]

Nuclear magnetic resonance: Quantum mechanical expression for the resonance condition. Relaxation Mechanisms: Expression for spin lattice relaxation. Chemical shift: spin-spin interaction. Example of ethyl alcohol. Fourier transform technique in NMR. FTNMR spectrometer and experimental procedure. Note on NMR in medicine. Microwave spectroscopy: The classi_cation of molecules. The rotational spectra of rigid diatomic rotator and spectra of non-rigid diatomic rotator. Note on microwave oven.

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Infrared spectroscopy: Vibrational energy of diatomic molecule. Anharmonic oscillator

The diatomic vibrating rotator, example of the CO molecule. The vibrations of polyatomic molecules; skeletal and group frequencies. Experimental technique in FTIR.

Raman spectroscopy: The quantum theory of Raman e_ect. Pure rotational Raman

spectra of linear molecules and symmetric top molecules. Vibrational Raman spectra. Rotational structure. Instrumentation technique in Raman spectroscopy.

[16 hours]

Fourier optics: Spatial frequency effect of a thin lens on an incident field distribution. Lens as a Fourier transforming element. Application to phase contrast microscopy.

Propagation of light in an anisotropic medium: Structure of a plane electromagnetic wave in an anisotropic medium. Dielectric tensor. Fresnel's formulae for the light propagation in crystals. Ellipsoid of wave normals and ray normals. The normal and ray surface. Optical classification of crystals. Light propagation in uniaxial and biaxial crystals. Refraction in crystals. Elements of non-linear optics: Second harmonic generation, optical rectification and phase matching; third harmonic generation.

[16 hours]

References

- Tralli N. and Pomilla P.R., Atomic theory, McGraw-Hill, New York, 1999.
- Banwell C.N. and McCash E.M., Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy, 4th Edn., Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 1995.
- Hecht E., Optics, Addison-Wesley, 2002.
- Lipson S.G., Lipson H. and Tannhauser D.S., Optical physics, Cambridge University Press, USA, 1995.

PHY205 : Computer Lab CL-B

Programming in C

- Check whether given number is odd or even.
- Find the largest and smallest number in the input set.
- Compute the Fibonacci sequence.
- Check whether the input number is prime or not.

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- Compute the roots of a quadratic equation.
- Generate Pascal's triangle.
- To add two $m \times n$ matrices.
- To find the sum and average of a data stored in a file.
- Linear least-squares fitting to data in a file.
- To find the trajectory of a projectile shot with an initial velocity at an angle. Also, find the maximum height travelled and distance travelled. Write the trajectory data to a file specified and plot using Gnuplot.

Programming in Perl

- Searching for a pattern in a string.
- Counting the number of characters, words and lines in a given file.
- Sorting strings.
- Check whether the input number is prime or not.
- Compute the roots of a quadratic equation.
- Linear least squares fitting to data in a file.

Total work load :1 day(s) per week \times 4 hours \times 16 weeks 64 hours

PHY206 : Optics Lab

For those who have completed PHY107

Any ten of the following experiments:

- Verification of the Brewster law of polarisation.
- Verification of Fresnel laws of reflection from a plane dielectric surface.
- Determination of the inversion temperature of the copper-iron thermocouple.
- Birefringence of mica by using the Babinet compensator.
- Birefringence of mica by using the quarter-wave plate.
- Experiments with the Michelson interferometer.
- Determination of the refractive index of air by Jamin interferometer.

- Determination of the size of lycopodium spores by the method of diffraction haloes.
- Determination of wavelength by using the Fabry-Perot etalon.
- Dispersion of the birefringence of quartz.
- The Franck-Hertz experiment.
- Experiments with the laser.
- Determination of the Stokes vector of a partially polarised light beam
- Determination of the modes of vibration of a fixed-free bar.

Total work load :2 day(s) per week × 4 hours × 16 weeks 128 hours

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PHY207 : Electronics Lab

For those who have completed PHY106

Any ten of the following experiments:

- Regulated power supply.
- Active filters : low pass (single pole).
- Active filters : high pass (double pole).
- Voltage follower.
- Colpitts' oscillator.
- Opamp as an integrator and differentiator.
- Opamp as a summing and log amplifier.
- Opamp as an inverting and non-inverting amplifier.
- Coder and encoder.
- Half adder and full adder.
- Boolean algebra-Logic gates.
- Opamp astable multivibrator.

Total work load :2 day(s) per week × 4 hours × 16 weeks 128 hours

PHY211 : Modern Physics

Paper to be offered to Non-Physics Postgraduate students

Nuclear physics: A brief overview of nuclear physics. Nuclear reactions, a brief description of nuclear models. Interactions of X-rays and γ -rays with matter, slowing down and absorption of neutrons. Fundamental particles, classification of fundamental particles, fundamental forces, conservation laws in particle physics, a brief outline of the quark model.

Nuclear power: Nuclear fission, fission chain reaction, self sustaining reaction, uncontrolled reaction, nuclear bomb. Nuclear reactors, different types of reactors and reactors in India. Nuclear waste management. Nuclear fusion, fusion reactions in the atmosphere. Radiation effects|dosage calculation. Nuclear energy|applications and disadvantages.

[16 hours]

Condensed matter physics: Amorphous and crystalline state of matter. Crystal systems. Liquid crystals. X-ray diffraction|Bragg equation. Structure of NaCl.

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FTIR|Experiment analysis. NMR|Experiment and analysis. Electrical conductivity of metals and semiconductor. Magnetic materials|para,ferro, ferri and anti-magnetism. Dielectrics|para, ferro, pyro and piezo properties. Symmetry in physics.

[16 hours]

Quantum physics: Qualitative discussion. Molecules, atoms, nucleus, nucleons, quarks and gluons. Particle physics (qualitative). Stern-Gerlach experiment and consequences. Uncertainty relation. Hydrogen atom. Positron annihilation. Laser trapping and cooling. Ion traps. Electromagnetic, strong, weak and gravitational forces. Big Bang theory, String theory. Large Hadron Collider experiment, consequences. Higgs Boson.

[16 hours]

Tutorial [32 hours]

References

- Ghoshal S.N., Atomic and nuclear physics, Vol.2., S. Chand and Company, Delhi, 1994.
- Evans R.D., Atomic nucleus, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1976.
- Penrose R., Road to Reality, Vintage Books, 2007.
- Ladd M.F.C. and Palmer R.A., Structure determination by X-ray crystallography, Plenum Press, USA, 2003.
- De Gennes P.G. and Prost J., The physics of liquid crystals, 2nd Edn., Clarendon Press, Oxford, 1998.
- Myer R., Kennard E.H. and Lauritsern T., Introduction to modern physics, 5th Edn., McGraw-Hill, New York, 1955.
- Halliday D., Resnick R. and Merrill J., Fundamentals of physics, Extended 3rd Edn., John Wiley, New York, 1988.

PHY301 : Nuclear and Particle Physics

Properties of the nucleus: Nuclear radius-determination by mirror nuclei, mesic X-rays and electron scattering methods. Nuclear moments-spin, magnetic dipole moment. Relation between J and μ on the basis of single particle model. Determination of nuclear magnetic moment by molecular beam experiment. Electric quadrupole moment.

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Nuclear models: Liquid drop model-Weissacker's formula and its application to (i) stability of isobars and (ii) β -decay process. Shell model-single particle potentials, spin-orbit coupling. Magic numbers. Fermi gas model-well depth, level density and nuclear evaporation.

Nuclear reactions: Q -values. Threshold energy. Reactions induced by proton, deuteron and particles. Photodisintegration.

[16 hours]

Nuclear decay modes: Beta decay: Beta ray spectrum, Pauli neutrino hypothesis, mass of the neutrino from beta ray spectral shape, Fermi theory of beta decay, Kurie plot, f_t - values and forbidden transitions. Methods of excitation of nuclei. Nuclear isomerism. Mossbauer effect (qualitative only). Auger effect.

Interaction of nuclear radiation with matter and detectors: Energy loss due to ionization for proton-like charged particles. Bethe-Bloch formula. Range-energy relations. Ionization and radiation loss of fast electrons (Bremsstrahlung) (qualitative only). Interaction of gamma and X-rays with matter. Brief description of NaI (TI) gamma ray spectrometer. Boron trioxide counter.

Nuclear reactors: Condition for controlled chain reactions, slowing down of neutrons, logarithmic decrement in energy, Homogeneous spherical reactor, Critical size. Effect of reactors. Breeder reactor (Qualitative discussion).

[16 hours]

Nuclear forces and elementary particles: General features of nuclear forces: General features of nuclear forces; spin dependence, charge independence, exchange character etc. Meson theory of nuclear forces- Yukawa's theory. Properties of pi mesons, charge, isospin, mass, spin and parity, decay modes, meson resonances.

Particle interactions and families: Conservation laws|classification of fundamental forces and elementary particles. Associated particle production, Gellmann-Nishijima scheme, strange particles. CP violation in Kaon decay. Symmetries|Eight-fold way symmetry, quarks and gluons. Elementary ideas of the standard model.

[16 hours]

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References

- Tayal D.C., Nuclear Physics, Himalaya Publishing House, New Delhi, 2012 (Unit 1. Chapter 1. Page 6-14. Page 30- 35, 40-49. Chapter 9. Page 355-369. Chapter 10. Page 401-411.)
- Krane K.S., Introductory nuclear physics, Wiley, New York, 1987. (Unit 1. Chapter

16 page 605-610.)

• Ghoshal S.N., Nuclear physics, S.Chand and Company, Delhi, 1994. (Unit 2: Chapter 5 page 137-155, Chapter 6 page 187-204, 222, 262, Chapter 13, page 647-651, chapter 15, page 717-721.)

• Wong S.S.M., Introductory nuclear physics, Prentice Hall of India, Delhi, 1998.

• Khanna M.P., Introduction to particle physics, Prentice Hall of India, Delhi, 2008.

• Kapoor S.S. and Ramamoorthy V., Nuclear radiation detectors, Wiley Eastern, Bangalore, 2007.

PHY302 : Condensed Matter Physics

X-ray crystallography: Crystalline state. Reference axes, equation of a plane, Miller indices. Symmetry operations. Two and three dimensional point groups. Lattices; two dimensional lattices, choice of unit cell [Buerger, p12{20, 23{45}. Three-dimensional lattices; crystal systems and Bravais lattices [Ladd and Palmer, p55{66}. Screw and glide operations. Space groups; analysis of the space group symbol. Diffraction of X-rays by crystals: Laue equations. Reciprocal lattice [Sherwood, p272{288]. Bragg equation. Equivalence of Laue and Bragg equations [Ladd and Palmer, p114{121]. Atomic scattering factor (qualitative).

Experimental techniques: Brief introduction to single crystal and powder methods.

Electron and neutron diffraction: Basic principles. Differences between them and X-ray diffraction. Applications (qualitative) [Vainshtein, p336{338,350{352, 355-357].

Crystal growth: Czochralski, Kyropoulos, Stockbarger-Bridgman and zone refining techniques [Rose et al., p146{154].

[16 hours]

Liquid crystals: Morphology. The smectic (A-H), nematic and cholesteric phases.

Birefringence, texture and X-ray studies in these phases [Gray and Goodby]. Orientational order and its determination in the case of nematic liquid crystals.

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Crystal lattice dynamics: Vibration of an infinite one-dimensional monoatomic lattice, First Brillouin zone. Group velocity. Finite lattice and boundary conditions.

Vibrations of a linear diatomic lattice [optical and acoustical branches; relation [Wahab, p288{305].

Magnetic properties of solids: Diamagnetism and its origin. Expression for diamagnetic susceptibility. Paramagnetism. Quantum theory of paramagnetism. Brillouin function. Ferromagnetism. Curie-Weiss law. Spontaneous magnetisation and its variation with temperature. Ferromagnetic domains. Antiferromagnetism. Two sub-lattice model. Susceptibility below and above Neel's temperature [Dekker, p446{490].

[16 hours]

Superconductivity: Experimental facts. Type I and type II superconductors. Phenomenological theory. London equations. Meissner effect. High frequency behaviour.

Thermodynamics of superconductors. Entropy and Specific heat in the superconducting state. Qualitative ideas of the theory of superconductivity [Kittel, p333{364].

Semiconductors: Intrinsic Semiconductors. Crystal structure and bonding. Expressions for carrier concentrations. Fermi energy, electrical conductivity and energy gap in the case of intrinsic semiconductors. Extrinsic Semiconductors; impurity states and ionization energy of donors. Carrier concentrations and their temperature variation. Qualitative explanation of the variation of Fermi energy with temperature and impurity concentration in the case of impurity semiconductors [Mckelvey, p256{277].

Semiconductor devices: Brief discussion of the characteristics and applications of, phototransistors, JFET, SCR and UJT.

[16 hours]

References

• Buerger M.J., Elementary crystallography, Academic Press, UK, 1956.

- Ladd M.F.C. and Palmer R.A., Structure determination by X-ray crystallography, Plenum Press, USA, 1977.
- Sherwood D., Crystals, X-rays and proteins, Longman, UK, 1976.
- Rose R.M., Shepard L.A. and Wul_ J., The structure and properties of materials Vol. 4, Electronic properties, Wiley Eastern, 1965.
- Vainshtein B.K., Modern crystallography, Vol. I, Springer-Verlag, Germany, 1981.
- Gray G.W. and Goodby J.W.G., Smectic liquid crystals: Textures and structures, Leonard Hill, USA, 1984.

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- Dekker A.J., Solid state physics, Prentice Hall, 1985.
- Kittel C., Introduction to solid state physics, 7th Edn., John Wiley, New York, 1996.
- Mckelvey J.P., Solid state and semiconductor physics, 2nd Edn., Harper and Row, USA, 1966.
- Streetman B.G., Solid state electronic devices, 2nd Edn., Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi, 1983.
- De Gennes P.G. and Prost J., The physics of liquid crystals, 2nd Edn., Clarendon Press, Oxford, 1998.
- Wahab M.A., Solid state physics, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 1999.
- Pillai S.O., Solid state physics, New Age International Publications, 2002.

PHY303 : Nuclear Physics 1

Nuclear detectors: Scintillation processes in inorganic crystals (NaI(Tl)). Semiconductor detectors|Di_ used junction, Surface barrier and Lithium drifted detectors

Relation between applied voltage and depletion layer thickness in junction detectors, Hyper pure germanium detectors, Cerenkov detectors.

Nuclear pulse techniques: Preampli_ er circuits. Charge sensitive and voltage sensitive preampli_ ers. Linear pulse ampli_ ers. Linearity, stability, pulse shaping, pulse stretching. operational ampli_ ers. Analog to digital converters. Scalars, Schmidt trigger as a pulse discriminator, Single channel analyser-Integral and di_ erential discriminators. Multichannel Analysers, memory devices and online data processing.

[16 hours]

Shell model: Motion in a mean potential. Square well and simple harmonic oscillator potential well, spin-orbit interaction and Magic numbers. Extreme single particle model, Ground state properties of nuclei based on shell model. Nordheim's Rules.

Collective model: Evidences for the collective motion. Nuclear rotational motion.

Rotational energy spectrum and nuclear wave functions for even-even nuclei. Odd- A nuclei energy spectrum and wave function.

Nilsson model: Nilsson diagrams.

Many body self-consistent models: Hartree-Fock model.

[16 hours]

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Timing spectroscopy: Coincidence and anti-coincidence circuits. Delay circuits.

Time to amplitude conversion- Start-stop and overlap converters.

Gamma ray spectroscopy: Life time measurements. Gamma-gamma, beta-gamma angular correlation studies. Angular distribution of gamma rays from oriented nuclei.

Polarization of gamma rays.

[16 hours]

References

- Mermier P. and Sheldon E., Physics of the nuclei and particles, Vol. 1 and 2, Academic Press, New York 1970.
- Segre E., Nuclei and particles, Benjamin Inc, New York, 1977.
- Arya A.P., Fundamentals of nuclear physics, Allyn and Bacon, USA, 1968.
- Blatt J.M. and Weisskopf V.F., Theoretical nuclear physics, Wiley and Sons, New York, 1991.

- Siegbahn K., The alpha, beta and gamma ray spectroscopy: Vol. 1 and 2, North Holland, Amsterdam, 1965.
- Price J.W., Nuclear radiation detectors, McGraw Hill, New York, 1965.
- Kapoor S.S. and Ramamoorthy V., Nuclear radiation detectors, Wiley Eastern, Bangalore, 1993.
- Kowalski E., Nuclear electronics, Springer Verlag, Berlin, 1970.
- Leo W.R., Techniques for nuclear and particle physics experiments, Springer Verlag, 1992.
- Roy R.R. and Nigam B.P., Nuclear physics, New Age International, New Delhi, 1986.
- Hans H.S., Nuclear physics|Experimental and theoretical, New Age International Publishers, 2001.

PHY304 : Solid State Physics 1

Dielectric properties of solids: Macroscopic description of static dielectric constant, the static electronic and ionic polarizabilities of molecules, orientation polarization, the static dielectric constant of gases, Local electric field at an atom. Lorentz field of dipoles inside cavity. The static dielectric constant of solids, Clausius- Mossotti relation, the complex dielectric constant and dielectric losses. Polarization catastrophe. Dielectric losses and Debye relaxation time. Classical theory of electronic polarization and optical absorption.

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Ferroelectricity: Basic properties of ferroelectric materials. Classification and properties of ferroelectrics. Dipole theory of ferroelectricity, objections against the dipole theory, ionic displacements and behavior of Barium titanate above the curie temperature, theory of spontaneous polarization of Barium titanate. Thermodynamics of ferroelectric transitions. Landau theory of phase transitions, Dielectric constant near the curie point. Ferroelectric domains.

[16 hours]

Magnetic properties: Definition of Magnetisation and susceptibility. Hund's rule. Calculation of L, S and J for 3d and 4f shells. Setting up of Hamiltonian for an atom in an external magnetic field. Based on this, explanation of diamagnetism, Van Vleck Paramagnetism and quantum theory of paramagnetism using the above hamiltonian, in solids (see Ashcroft and Mermin). Interpretation of the Weiss field in terms of exchange integral (Page 473-474, A J Dekker). Calculation of the singlet-triplet splitting, Spin Hamiltonian and Heisenberg model. (as given in Ashcroft N.W. and Mermin N.D) Zero-temperature properties: Ground state of the Heisenberg ferromagnet. First excitation of one-dimensional ferromagnetism at zero-temperature: spin waves in one-dimensional ferromagnetism and anti-ferromagnetism. Low-temperature behaviour of ferromagnets: Bloch's $T^{3/2}$ law. (as given in Ashcroft N.W. and Mermin N.D and C Kittel)

Magnetic resonance: Phenomenological description, Relaxation mechanisms, Derivation of Casimir-Durpe relation. Nuclear Magnetic moments, condition for resonance absorption, Setting up of Bloch's equations, obtaining solutions for the steady state case and that of the weak RF field, expression for power absorption, change of inductance near resonance. Dipolar line width in a rigid lattice. (as given 498-512 of A J Dekker) [16 hours]

Band theory of solids: Statement and proof of Bloch theorem. Explanation of periodic potentials in solids. Reciprocal lattice, periodic boundary conditions, density of states. Construction of Brillouin zones for a square lattice. Nearly free electron model and solution at the boundary. Discussion of energy gap using nearly free electron model. Tightly bound electron approximation, application to simple cubic, BCC and FCC lattices. Constant energy surfaces, Fermi surfaces. square lattice. Overlapping of bands. (as given in A J Dekker)

Superconductivity: Elementary ideas of BCS theory. Formation of Cooper pairs and explanation based on theory (as given in Ibach and Luth). Energy gap, Meissner effect,

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ux quantisation, Josephson tunnelling, Josephson junction. Theory for DC and AC bias. High T_c superconductors. (as given in Ibach and Luth)

Elastic constants of crystals: Definition of elastic strains and stresses in a solid.

Elastic compliance and stiffness constants, Applications to cubic crystals and isotropic solids. Elastic waves and experimental determination of elastic constants. (as given in C Kittel)

[16 hours]

References

- Dekker A.J., Solid state physics, Prentice Hall, 1985. page no. 133-157, 185-209
- Kittel C., Introduction to solid state physics, 7th Edn., John Wiley, New York, 1996.
- Ashcroft N.W. and Mermin N.D., Solid State Physics, Saunders College Publishing, 1996.
- Ibach H and Luth H., Solid State Physics, Narosa, New Delhi, 1996.
- Pillai S.O., Solid state physics, New Age International Publications, 2002.
- Wahab M.A., Solid state physics, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 1999.

PHY305 : Theoretical Physics 1

General theory of relativity: Tensor Calculus and Riemannian geometry : Covariant Differentiation, Parallel Transport, Geodesies, The Curvature Tensor

Riemannian geometry: Riemannian space, The determinant of g_{ij} . Metrical Densities, The Connection of a Riemannian Space: Christoffel Symbols, Geodesies in a Riemannian Space, The Curvature of a Riemannian Space: The Riemann Tensor.

[16 hours]

Gravitational field: The Principle of Equivalence, The Field Equations of General Relativity, Metrics with Spherical Symmetry, The Schwarzschild Solution. Geodesies in the Schwarzschild Space, Advance of the Perihelion of a Planet, The Deflection of Light Rays, Red Shift of Spectral Lines, The Schwarzschild Sphere. Gravitational Collapse. Black Holes.

[16 hours]

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Quantum field theory-1: Classical and quantum fields: Particles and fields, Discrete and continuous mechanical systems, Classical scalar fields, Maxwell fields Quantum Theory of Radiation: Creation, annihilation, and number operators, Quantized radiation field, Fock states, Emission and absorption of photons by atoms, Rayleigh scattering, Thomson scattering, and the Raman effect.

[16 hours]

References

- Papapetrou A., Lectures on general relativity, D. Reidel Publishing Company, USA, 1974.
- Dirac P.A.M., The general theory of relativity, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1975.
- Adler R., Bazin M. and Schiffer M., Introduction to general relativity, McGraw-Hill Kogakusha, Ltd. New Delhi, 1965.
- Hartle J.B., Gravity: An introduction to Einstein's general relativity, Benjamin-Cummings Pub. Co., USA, 2002.
- Sakurai J.J., Advanced quantum mechanics, Addison-Wesley, Harlow, England, First ISE Reprint, 1999.
- Griffiths D., Introduction to elementary particles, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1987.
- Gasiorowicz S., Elementary particle physics, John-Wiley, New York, 1966.
- Muirhead H., The physics of elementary particles, Pergamon Press, London, 1965.

PHY306 : Accelerator Physics

Ion sources: Brief introduction to ion sources for positive and negative ions. Ion

production. Semi classical treatment of ionization, Townsend theory-comparison of theory and experiment for ion production. Examples of ion sources-properties of ion sources. Insulation at high voltages-Spark voltage. Paschen's law for gas breakdown. Ion optics and focussing: Focussing properties of linear _elds. Electrostatic and magnetic lenses.

[16 hours]

Particle accelerators: Introduction, development of accelerators. Direct-voltage accelerators: Cockroft-Walton generator, Van de Gra_ generator, Tandem accelerators, DoS in Physics, Univ. of Mysore, Mysuru 570 006, India 29

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Pelletron. Resonance accelerators: Cyclotron|_xed and variable energy, principles and longitudinal dynamics of the uniform _eld cyclotron. Linear accelerators.

[16 hours]

Electron accelerators: Betatron, Beam focusing and Betatron Oscillation, Microtron. Synchronous accelerators: Principle of phase stability, Mathematical theory for Principle of phase stability. Electron synchrotron. Proton synchrotron. Alternating gradient machines: Alternating gradient principle, AG proton synchrotron.

[16 hours]

References

- Townsend P.D., Kelly J.C. and Hartley N.E.W., Ion implantation, sputtering and their applications, Academic Press, London, 1976.
- Humphrey S. Jr., Principles of charged particle acceleration, John Wiley, 1986.
- Arya A.P., Fundamentals of nuclear physics, Allyn and Bacon, USA, 1968.
- Ghoshal S.N., Atomic and nuclear physics, Vol. 2, S.Chand and Company, Delhi, 1994.
- Varier K.M., Joseph A. and Pradyumnan P.P., Advanced experimental techniques in modern physics, Pragathi Prakashan, Meerut, 2006.

PHY307 : Liquid Crystals

Anisotropic uids: Main Types and properties: Introduction. The building blocks. Small organic molecules. Long helical rods. Associated structures. Nematics and Cholesterics. Nematics proper. Static pretransitional e_ects above T_0
 $N-I$.The cholesterics.

A distorted form of the nematic phase. Smectic. Smectic A. Smectic B. Smectic C. Other mesomorphic phases. Exotic smectics; long range order in a system of long rods. Lyotropic systems. Remarkable features of liquid crystals. Applications of liquid crystals.

[16 hours]

Long and short range order in nematics: De_inition of an order parameter. Microscopic approach. Order parameter from optical method, from diamagnetic anisotropy.

Mean _eld theory with S2 interaction (Maier-Saupe).

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Static distortion in nematics: Long range distortions, distortion free energy. Magnetic _eld e_ects|Molecular diamagnetism, Magnetic coherence length.

Defects and textures in nematics: Observations. Black _aments. Schlieren structures. Types of defects (qualitative discussion only).

Smectics: Continuum description of smectics A and C, Mean _eld description of SA-N transition.

[16 hours]

Dynamical properties of nematics: Experiments measuring the Leslie coe_cients| Laminar ow under a strong orienting _eld, Attenuation of ultrasonic shear waves, Laminar ow in the absence of external _elds. Convective instabilities under electric _elds|Basic electrical parameters, Experimental observations at low frequencies, The Helfrich interpretation. Extension to higher frequencies (qualitative).

Cholesterics: Optical properties of an ideal helix|The planar texture, Bragg reection, Transmission properties at arbitrary wavelenghts (normal incidence), The Mauguin

limit, Rotatory Power. Agents influencing the pitch|Physicochemical factors, External fields(qualitative). Textures in cholesterics.

[16 hours]

References

- De Gennes P.G. and Prost J., The physics of liquid crystals, 2nd Edn., Clarendon Press, Oxford, 1998.
- Chandrashekar S., Liquid crystals, Cambridge University Press, 1977.
- Gray G.W., Molecular structure and the properties of liquid crystals, Academic Press, 1962.
- Maier G., Sackmann E. and Grabmanier I.G., Applications of liquid crystals, Springer Verlag, 1975.
- Gray G.W. and Goodby J.W., Smectic liquid crystals (Textures and structures), Leonard Hill, London, 1984.

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PHY308 : Atmospheric Physics

Atmospheric composition: Energy in the atmosphere, heating of the atmosphere, motions in the atmosphere. Variations in atmospheric composition, Structure on the basis of composition. Thermal structure of the atmosphere.

Thermodynamics: Entropy of dry air, vertical motion of saturated air, tephigram, potential energy of an air column.

Dynamics: Escape of hydrogen, photodissociation of oxygen, photo chemical processes. Equations of motion, the geostrophic approximation, cyclostrophic motion.

[16 hours]

Terrestrial and extra terrestrial radiation: General features of direct, diffuse and global radiation-attenuation of direct solar radiation-Rayleigh and Mie scattering. Angstrom turbidity formula for all aerosols. Direct transmittance due to continuum attenuation, diffuse spectral irradiance due to Rayleigh and aerosol scattering.

Aerosols: Production and properties of aerosols. Aerosol optical depth, Beer's law| Sun photometer. Optical filters.

Clouds: Microphysics of clouds, Macrocharacterization of clouds. Radiative transfer in clouds and aerosols.

[16 hours]

Atmospheric radioactivity: Background Radiation, Radioactivity in Atmosphere, Radon, Properties of radon, Origin of radon, Radon entry into the atmosphere: Diffusion, Advection and Convection. Health Effects: Dose.

Atmospheric electricity: The generation of an ion, The mobility of ions, Ion size. Recombination of ions. Ions in an electric field, Ionizing agencies, radioactivity. The conductivity of the atmosphere and its origin, Measurement of conductivity of the atmosphere near the ground. Relationship between ions and conductivity. The current voltage characteristics in a gas under conditions of volume ionization.

[16 hours]

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References

- Salby M.L., Fundamentals of atmospheric physics, Academic Press, USA, 2006.
- Houghton J., The physics of the atmosphere, Cambridge University Press, 2002.
- Siddhartha K., Atmosphere, weather and climate, Kosalaya Publications, 2000.
- Lutgens F.K. and Tarbuk E.K., The atmosphere: An introduction to meteorology, Prentice Hall, USA, 1986.
- Holton, J.R., Dynamic meteorology, 3rd edition, Academic Press, USA, 1992.
- Keshvamurthy R.N. and Shankar Rao M., The physics of monsoons, Allied Publishers, 1992.
- Iqbal M., An introduction to solar radiation, Academic Press, USA, 1983.
- Wilkening M., Radon in the environment, Elsevier Science Publishers, The Netherlands, 1990.

• Israel H., Atmospheric electricity-Vol II, Israel Program for Scientific Translations, Jerusalem, 1973.

PHY309 : Numerical Methods

Computer arithmetic: Integers; Floating point representation of numbers; Arithmetic operations with normalisation; Errors in representation; Commonly used number types and their limits like max. and min. integer, float, double precision, long, etc.

Iterative methods: Bisection method, Newton-Raphson method, Secant method, the method of successive approximations. Solution of a polynomial equation.

[16 hours]

Linear algebraic equations: The Gauss elimination method, LU decomposition method, Gauss-Jordan method, An introduction to the solution of simultaneous nonlinear equations.

Interpolations: Introduction, Newton interpolation formulae, extrapolation, Lagrange interpolation. spline interpolation.

Least-squares approximation of functions: Introduction, linear regression, algorithm for linear regression. Polynomial regression, fitting exponential and trigonometric functions.

[16 hours]

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Numerical integration: Trapezoidal method, Simpson's rule, errors and algorithms.

Gaussian quadrature formulae.

Numerical solution of differential equations: Euler method, Runge-Kutta methods, Runge-Kutta 4th order formulae, predictor-corrector method. Comparison of predictor-corrector and Runge-Kutta methods.

[16 hours]

References

- Atkinson K.E., An introduction to numerical analysis, John Wiley and Sons, USA, 1988.
- Press W.H., Flannery B.P., Teukolsky S.A. and Vetterling W.T., Numerical recipes in C, Cambridge University Press, UK, 1989.
- Krishnamurthy E.V. and Sen S.K, Numerical algorithms, Allied East West Press Pvt. Ltd., India, 1993.
- Rajaraman V., Computer oriented numerical methods, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., India, 2001.

PHY310 : Theoretical Physics 1

General theory of relativity: Tensor Calculus and Riemannian geometry : Covariant Differentiation, Parallel Transport, Geodesics, The Curvature Tensor
Riemannian geometry: Riemannian space, The determinant of g_{ij} . Metric Densities, The Connection of a Riemannian Space: Christoffel Symbols, Geodesics in a Riemannian Space, The Curvature of a Riemannian Space: The Riemann Tensor.

[16 hours]

Gravitational field: The Principle of Equivalence, The Field Equations of General Relativity, Metrics with Spherical Symmetry, The Schwarzschild Solution. Geodesics in the Schwarzschild Space, Advance of the Perihelion of a Planet, The Deflection of Light Rays, Red Shift of Spectral Lines, The Schwarzschild Sphere. Gravitational Collapse. Black Holes.

[16 hours]

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Quantum field theory-1: Classical and quantum fields: Particles and fields, Discrete and continuous mechanical systems, Classical scalar fields, Maxwell fields
Quantum Theory of Radiation: Creation, annihilation, and number operators, Quantized radiation field, Fock states, Emission and absorption of photons by atoms, Rayleigh scattering, Thomson scattering, and the Raman effect.

[16 hours]

References

- Papapetrou A., Lectures on general relativity, D. Reidel Publishing Company, USA, 1974.
- Dirac P.A.M., The general theory of relativity, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1975.
- Adler R., Bazin M. and Schiffer M., Introduction to general relativity, McGraw-Hill Kogakusha, Ltd. New Delhi, 1965.
- Hartle J.B., Gravity: An introduction to Einstein's general relativity, Benjamin-Cummings Pub. Co., USA, 2002.
- Sakurai J.J., Advanced quantum mechanics, Addison-Wesley, Harlow, England, First ISE Reprint, 1999.
- Griffiths D., Introduction to elementary particles, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1987.
- Gasiorowicz S., Elementary particle physics, John-Wiley, New York, 1966.
- Muirhead H., The physics of elementary particles, Pergamon Press, London, 1965.

PHY311 : Nuclear Physics Lab

Any eight of the following experiments

- Half-life of Indium-116 measurement.
- Energy Resolution of a NaI(Tl) scintillation spectrometer.
- Compton scattering|determination of the rest energy of an electron.
- Beta absorption coefficient measurement.
- Dekatron as a counter of signals.
- Gamma-ray absorption coefficient measurement.
- End-point energy of Beta particles by half thickness measurement.
- Common Source amplifier.
- Astable multivibrator using timer IC 555.
- Dead time of the G.M. counter.

Total work load :2 day(s) per week × 4 hours × 16 weeks 128 hours

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PHY312 : Condensed Matter Physics Lab

- Determination of the paramagnetic susceptibility of the given salt by Quincke's method
- Study of mercury spectrum by superimposing it on brass spectrum
- Sodium spectrum analysis by using Edser-Butler fringes
- Temperature coefficient of resistance of a thermistor
- Analysis of the powder X-ray photograph of a simple cubic crystal
- Thermionic work function of a metal (Richardson-Dushman formula)
- Energy gap of a semiconductor
- Determination of Stefan's constant
- Frank Hertz experiment
- Magnetic Hysteresis
- Measurement of magneto resistance of semiconductors

Total work load :2 day(s) per week × 4 hours × 16 weeks 128 hours

PHY313 : Nuclear Physics Lab 1

For those who have opted for PHY303

Any 7 of the following experiments:

- Cockroft-Walton voltage multiplier.
- Coincidence circuit.
- Linear pulse amplifier.
- Transistorised binary circuit.
- Pulse shaping circuits.
- Linear Gate.
- Randomness of radioactive decay.
- Nomogram method : Measurement of endpoint energy of beta rays.

- Study of linearity of the NaI(Tl) gamma ray spectrometer with SCA and hence determination of energy of unknown gamma source.
- Determination of the rest mass energy of the electron using MCA.
- Study of the variation of resolution of NaI(Tl) spectrometer as a function of energy.

Total work load :1 day(s) per week × 4 hours × 16 weeks 64 hours

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PHY314 : Solid State Physics Lab 1

For those who have opted for PHY304

Any _ve of the following experiments

- Optical rotatory dispersion of an uniaxial crystal.
- Birefringence of quartz using spectrometer.
- Paramagnetic susceptibility by Gouy balance method.
- Fermi energy of copper.
- Cell parameter(s) from an X-ray powder diffraction.
- Verification of Langmuir-Child's law.
- Thermoluminescence.
- Curie temperature of a ferroelectric material.
- Dielectric constant and its temperature variation.
- Determination of the polarisabilities of the molecules of an uniaxial crystal using spectrometer.
- Photoelasticity in crystalline solids.
- Thermal expansion coefficient in solids.

Total work load :1 day(s) per week × 4 hours × 16 weeks 64 hours

PHY315 : Theoretical Physics Lab 1

For those who have opted for PHY305

Any _ve of the following experiments:

- Calculation of Christoffel symbols.
- Geodesics and curvature calculations.
- Exterior Schwarzschild metric calculations.
- Robertson-Walker metric calculations.
- Lagrangian and Hamiltonian, Euler Lagrange equations for Schroedinger field.
- Lagrangian for Maxwell's field and The field equations.
- Symmetries of the Lagrangian and Constants of motion.
- Operator algebra-BCH formula.
- Relativistic kinematics-1: Relations between center of momentum and laboratory frames.
- Relativistic kinematics-2: Non-relativistic limit of relativistic kinematics.

Total work load :1 day(s) per week × 4 hours × 16 weeks 64 hours

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PHY320 : Energy Science

Paper offered to Non-Physics Postgraduate Students

Renewable energy resources: Forms energy. Basics of thermodynamics: Heat capacity. Heat transfer mechanism, Entropy, first and second law of Thermodynamics. Carnot cycle, Rankine cycle. Fossil fuels and time scale of fossil fuels. Solar energy: Sun as a source of energy and its energy transport to the earth. Extraterrestrial and terrestrial solar radiations. Measurement techniques of solar radiations using pyranometer and pyrheliometer.

[16 hours]

Materials and solar cell technology : Single, poly and amorphous silicon, GaAs, CdS, fabrication of single and polycrystalline silicon solar cells, amorphous silicon solar cells, photovoltaic systems, and technical problems. Wind Energy Origin and classification of winds, Aerodynamics of windmill: Maximum power, and Forces on the Blades and thrust on turbines; Wind data collection and field estimation of wind energy, Site selection, Basic components of wind mill, Types of wind mill, Wind energy farm, Hybrid wind

energy systems: The present Indian Scenario.

[16 hours]

Biomass energy and biogas technology: Nature of Biomass as a fuel, Biomass energy conversion processes, Direct combustion: heat of combustion, combustion with improved Chulha and cyclone furnace; Dry chemical conversion processes: pyrolysis, gasification, types of gasification Importance of biogas technology, anaerobic decomposition of biodegradable materials, Factors affecting Bio-digestion, Types of biogas plants, Applications of biogas.

[16 hours]

Tutorial [32 hours]

References

• Peter A., Advances in energy systems and technology, Academic Press, USA, 1986.

• Neville C.R., Solar energy conversion: The solar cell, Elsevier North-Holland, 1978.

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• Dixon A.E. and Leslie J.D., Solar energy conversion, Pergamon Press, New York, 1979.

• Ravindranath N.H., Biomass, energy and environment, Oxford University Press, 1995.

• Cushion E., Whiteman A. and Dieterle G., World Bank Report, 2009.

PHY321 : Python Programming

Introduction to programming: Problem solving by computers; Flowcharts; Algorithms; Elements of programming; Brief introduction to object-oriented programming.

Computer arithmetic: Integers; Floating point representation of numbers; Arithmetic operations with normalisation; Errors in representation; Commonly used number types and their limits like max. and min. integer, float, double precision, long, etc.

[16 hours]

Programming in python: Introduction; Types and operations : Numbers, strings, lists and dictionaries, tuples, _les; Statements : Assignment, Control flow; Functions : scope and arguments; Modules.

[16 hours]

Python programming lab : 1 day per week x 2 hours x 16 weeks 32 hours

List of programs :

- Check whether given number is odd or even.
- Find the largest and smallest number in the input set.
- Compute the Fibonacci sequence.
- Check whether the input number is prime or not.
- Compute the roots of a quadratic equation.
- Generate Pascal's triangle.
- Sum of two matrices.
- Product of two matrices.
- Linear, exponential and power least-squares fitting to data in a file.
- To find the trajectory of a projectile shot with an initial velocity at an angle. Also, find the maximum height travelled and distance travelled. Write the trajectory data to a file specified and plot using Gnuplot.

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References

• Lutz M. and Ascher D., Learning python, Second edition, O'Reilly, USA, 2003.

• Python online documentation.

• Swaroop C.H., A byte of python, (free online book),

<http://www.swaroopch.com/notes/Python>.

Note :

- This paper comprises both theory and labwork. The question paper will be a

mixed one to be answered in a computer lab only.

• This paper is mostly for students who do not have any prior programming training/experience.

PHY322 : Minor Project

PHY401 : Nuclear Physics 2

Nuclear fission: Nuclear fission, Mass-energy distribution of fission fragments. Statistical model of fission.

Reactor theory-1: Neutron and its interaction with matter-collision kinematics, differential elastic scattering cross sections, isotropic scattering, The criticality condition for a reactor. Neutron transport equation using elementary diffusion theory. One group critical equation, The critical size-on the basis of Fermi Age theory.

[16 hours]

Reactor theory-2: Reactors- One group theory, spherical and cylindrical homogeneous reactor. The effective multiplication factor. Reactor reactors: effects of reactor.

One group method of a homogeneous reactor with reactor. reactor savings. Infinite multiplication factor, critical size and critical mass. Heterogeneous reactor system calculation of thermal utilization factor. Fast Breeder reactor, Evaluation of Buckling using One group model.

[16 hours]

Beta decay: Classification of beta interactions. Matrix elements. Fermi and Gamow-Teller selection rules for allowed beta decay. The non conservation of parity in beta decay. Wu et al. experiment. The universal Fermi interaction.

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Gamma decay: Electromagnetic interactions with nuclei. Multipole transitions.

Transition probabilities in nuclear matter. Weisskopf's estimates. Structure effects. Selection rules. Internal conversion Photo disintegration of deuteron and radiative capture of neutron by proton.

[16 hours]

References

• Glasstone S. and Edlund M.C., Elements of nuclear reactor theory, D. Van Nostrand Co., USA, 9th Print, 1963. Unit 1 Chapter 5{6 page 90-135, Unit 2.

Chapter 7 page 191-290.

• Garg S., Ahmed F. and Kothari I.S., Physics of nuclear reactors, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 1986.

• Unit 1. Roy R.R. and Nigam B.P., Nuclear physics, New Age International, New Delhi, 1986. Chapter 5, page 162-165.

• Hans H.S., Nuclear physics|Experimental and theoretical, New Age International Publishers, 2001.

• Unit 2 Ghoshal S.N., Nuclear physics, Vol. 2., S.Chand and Company, Delhi, 1994. Chapter 15, page 714-730.

PHY402 : Nuclear Physics 3

Two particle systems: Deuteron: Schrödinger equation for a two nucleon system.

Theory of the ground state of the deuteron under central and non central forces. Excited states of the deuteron. Rarita-Schwinger relations. Deuteron magnetic and Quadrupole moments.

Nucleon-nucleon scattering processes: Theory of s-wave scattering of neutrons by free protons and experimental results. Wigner's formula for n-p scattering. Theory of scattering of slow neutrons by bound protons (Ortho and Para hydrogen) and experimental results. Effective range theory for n-p scattering. S-wave theory of proton-proton scattering. Mott's modification of Rutherford's formula. Pion-nucleon scattering experimental results, $(3/2, 3/2)$ resonance.

[16 hours]

Nuclear reactions-1: Plane wave theory of direct reactions. Born approximation-(Plane wave)-Butler's theory. Cross section for nuclear scattering and reactions. Shadow scattering, Breit-Wigner resonance formulae.

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Nuclear reactions-2: Bohr's independence hypothesis. The compound nucleus (CN) reactions, decay rates of CN, Statistical theory of nuclear reactions. Evaporation probability and cross sections for speci_c reactions.

[16 hours]

Optical model: Giant resonances, Kapur-Pearls' dispersion formula for potential scattering. Direct reactions: Kinematics of stripping and pickup reactions. Theory of stripping and pickup reactions. Inverse reactions.

Heavy ion physics: Special features of heavy ion Physics. Remote heavy ion electromagnetic interactions. Coulomb excitations. Close encounters. Heavy ion scattering.

Grazing interactions. Particle transfer. Direct and head on collisions, compound nucleus and quasi molecule formation.

[16 hours]

References

- Roy R.R. and Nigam B.P., Nuclear physics|Theory and experiment, New Age International Ltd, New Delhi, 1986.
- Hans H.S., Nuclear physics|Experimental and theoretical, New Age International Publishers 2001.
- Sachtler G.R., Nuclear reactions, Addison Wesley, New York, 1983.
- Mermier P. and Sheldon E., Physics of nuclei and particles, Vol. 2, Academic Press, USA, 1971.
- Jackson D.F., Nuclear reactions, Chapman and Hall, London, 1975.

PHY403 : Solid State Physics 2

X-ray di_raction by crystals: The reciprocal lattice. Ewald sphere and construction. Scattering by an electron and atom. Atomic scattering factor. Anomalous scattering. Fourier analysis and inversion of Fourier series. Physical signi_cance. Geometrical structure factor of the unit cell. Absent reections and space groups [Sherwood, p290{302, p320{332, p342{358].

Experimental techniques: Weissenberg and precession methods. Cell parameter and space group determination. Molecular weight determination. Low angle scattering. Reduction of intensities to structure amplitudes. Various corrections. Absolute scale

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factor and temperature factor from statistical methods. Statistical method for _nding the presence of center of symmetry [Stout and Jensen, p90{91, 94{106, 117{120, 122{128, 148{156, 195{211].

[16 hours]

Structure analysis: Fourier analysis of electron density. Patterson synthesis. Harker sections and lines. Heavy atom methods. Direct methods for phase determination. The inequality relations. Di_ference Patterson synthesis and error Fourier synthesis. Figure of merit. Cyclic Fourier re_nement, Di_ference Fourier synthesis Re_nement of structures: The least squares method. Accuracy of the parameters. Bond lengths and angles

SAXS: Particle size. Study of _bre structures.

[16 hours]

Imperfections in solids: Di_erent types of imperfections.Schottky and Frenkel defects. Expression for energy for the formation of Frenkel and Schottky defects. Di_usion in metals. Kirkendall e_ect. Ionic conductivity in pure and doped halides. Photoconductivity. (as in C Kittel). Dislocations: Buerger's Vector. Expression for strain in the case of edge and screw dislocations. Low-angle grain boundaries.(As in Wahab and C Kittel).

Synthesis and Device fabrication of Nanomaterials: Bottom-Up approach: Sol-gel synthesis, hydrothermal growth, thin-_lm growth, physical vapor deposition, chemical vapor deposition. Top-Down Approach: Ball milling, Microfabri_cation, Lithography, Ion-beam lithography(Page 129-142, Ramachandra rao an Shubra singh).

Luminescence: General remarks, Excitation and Emission. Franck-Condon principle. Decay mechanisms-Temperature dependent and independent decays. Thermoluminescence and glow curve. Gudden-Pohl effect. (as in A J Dekker)

[16 hours]

References

- Stout G.H. and Jensen L.H., X-ray structure determination, MacMillan, USA, 1989.
- Ladd M.F.C. and Palmer R.A., Structure determination by X-ray crystallography, Plenum Press, USA, 2003.

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- Sherwood D., Crystals, X-rays and proteins, Longman, London, 1976.
- Ramachandra Rao M.S. and Shubra Singh, Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, Wiley, 2013.
- Wahab M.A., Solid state physics, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 1999.
- Azaro L.V., Introduction to solids, McGraw-Hill Inc, USA, 1960.
- Weertman J. and Weertmann J.R., Elementary dislocation theory, McMillan, USA, 1964.
- Pillai S.O., Solid state physics, New Age International Publications, 2002.

PHY404 : Solid State Physics 3

Free electron theory of metals: Boltzmann transport equation, Sommerfeld's theory of electrical conductivity, mean free path in metals, temperature dependence of resistivity on temperature and impurities. Matthiessens rule. Electron-phonon collisions. Thermal conductivity of insulators, Umklapp processes. Electrical conductivity of metals at high frequencies. Plasma frequency. Transparency of alkali metals to UV radiation. Anomalous skin effect. Plasmons. Field enhanced emission, Schottky effect. Hall effect and magnetoresistance in metals. Cyclotron frequency.

[16 hours]

Elemental and compound semiconductors: A brief discussion on elemental and compound semiconductors and their properties [Streetman, p61{95].

Impurity semiconductors: Carrier concentrations. Effect of temperature and impurity density. Electrical neutrality condition. Fermi energy. Variation of Fermi energy with temperature and impurity density, when the Boltzmann approximation is valid, Effect of impurity density at very low temperatures. Mobility of current carriers. Effect of temperature and impurity. Electrical conductivity. Effect of temperature, impurity concentration and the energy band gap. Impurity band conductivity. Hall effect in semiconductors: Expression for Hall coefficient in terms of mobility of current carriers and carrier densities. Hall mobility and Hall factor. Effect of temperature, impurity concentration and magnetic field. Magneto-resistance phenomenon (qualitative). Cyclotron resonance: Cyclotron resonance in Si and Ge semiconductors. Effective mass tensor. Variation of cyclotron resonance frequency with orientation of the crystal in the magnetic field [Mckelvey, p270{300].

[16 hours]

Excess carriers in semiconductors: Generation and recombination rates. Excess carriers. Continuity equations for excess carriers; Einstein equations, Expression for the diffusion length of electrons and holes [Mckelvey, p320{335].

High field transport in semiconductors|electron temperature. Gunn effect, Expression for drift velocity. Superlattice phenomenon [Roy, p29{39].

Semiconductor devices: The pn junction diode. Formation of space charge region. Expressions for barrier potential, barrier thickness and contact field. Effect of the applied field on the above junction parameters. Transition capacitance associated with the space-charge region. Expressions for current densities using continuity equations for excess carriers. Transistors; dc current gain, β and β and cut-off frequencies [Mckelvey, p390{441].

[16 hours]

References

- Dekker A.J., Solid state physics, Prentice Hall, 1985.
- Mckelvey J.P., Solid state and semiconductor physics, 2nd Edn., Harper and Row, USA, 1966.
- Roy D.K., Physics of semiconductor devices, University Press, Hyderabad, 1992.
- Schur M., Physics of semiconductor devices, Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi, 1999.
- Wilson J. and Hawkes J.F.B., Optoelectronics|An introduction, 2nd Edn., Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi, 1996.
- Streetman B.G., Solid state electronic devices, 2nd Edn., Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi, 1983.
- Omar M.A., Elementary solid state physics, Addison Wesley, New Delhi, 2000.
- Wahab M.A., Solid state physics, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 1999.

PHY405 : Theoretical Physics 2

Quantum features of radiation _eld: Optical resonance, damping, Theory of chaotic light, coherence, temporal, spatial, mutual coherence, line broadening, natural and Doppler width, collision broadening. Quantized States of radiation _eld; Coherent states and their properties, BCH formula, P, Q and Wigner distribution functions, Squeezed states of light and their properties; applications. Correlation functions, Brown-Twiss correlations.

[16 hours]

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Quantization of the Dirac _eld: Second quantization, positron operators and positron spinors, Electromagnetic and Yukawa couplings. Weak interactions and parity non-conservation: Classi_cation of interactions, parity and hyperon decay, Fermi theory of beta decay, the two-component neutrino. Pion decay and the CPT theorem.

[16 hours]

Covariant perturbation theory: Natural units and dimensions, S-matrix expansion in the Interaction representation. Unitarity, First order processes: Matrix element for electron scattering. Cross section for Mott scattering. Helicity change and spin projection operator. Pair annihilation, pair creation, hyperon decay. S-matrix for two photon annihilation, electron propagator, Matrix element for Compton scattering, Feynman rules. Cross section for two photon annihilation.

[16 hours]

References

- Loudon R., The quantum theory of light, Clarendon Press, Oxford, 1973.
- Mandel L. and Wolf E., Optical coherence and quantum optics, Cambridge University Press, 1995.
- Louisell W.H., Quantum statistical properties of radiation, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1973.
- Sakurai J.J., Advanced quantum mechanics, Addison-Wesley, Harlow, England, First ISE Reprint, 1999.
- Gri_ths D., Introduction to elementary particles, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1987.
- Gasiorowicz S., Elementary particle physics, John-Wiley, New York, 1966.
- Muirhead H., The physics of elementary particles, Pergamon Press, London, 1965.

PHY406 : Theoretical Physics 3

Angular momentum theory and applications: Angular momentum: Transformations under rotations. Coupling of three and four angular momenta. Racah coefficients, Wigner 9j symbols, applications. Wigner-Eckart theorem. Projection theorem. j-j and L-S coupling. Angular momentum in nuclear reactions, Spherical tensors. Evaluation of matrix elements between coupled angular momentum states. Vector spherical harmonics. Gradient theorem (without proof). Multipole radiation.

[16 hours]

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Density matrix: Pure states and mixed states. Density operator, properties and

equation of motion. Polarization of light, states of polarized light, Jones matrices, Jones formalism, Stokes parameters, Poincaré sphere, Mueller matrices and Mueller formalism, Mueller matrices and their characterization, Few illustrative examples; comparison of Jones and Mueller formalisms. Pancharatnam phase, dynamical phase, cyclic evolution of polarization state on Poincaré sphere.

[16 hours]

Spin density matrix: The spin density matrix (ρ), multipole parameters, combined systems, Diagonalization of ρ . Oriented and non-oriented systems, Polarized and aligned systems, Spherical tensor basis and SU(N) basis. Spin and helicity in a relativistic process. Effect of Lorentz and discrete transformations on helicity states. Wick and Wigner rotations, pure rotation, pure boost and parity. Polarization in scattering of spin 1=2 particles.

[16 hours]

References

- Sakurai J. J. and Tuan S. F. (Editor), Modern quantum mechanics, Addison Wesley, India, 1999.
- Rose M.E., Elementary theory of angular momentum, John Wiley and Sons, USA, 1957.
- Edmonds A. R., Angular Momentum in Quantum Mechanics Princeton University Press, USA, 1996.
- Blum K., Density matrix theory and applications, Plenum Press, New York, 1981.
- Loudon R., The quantum theory of light, Clarendon Press, Oxford, 1973.
- Mandel L. and Wolf E., Optical coherence and quantum optics, Cambridge University Press, 1995.
- Pancharatnam S., Collected works, Oxford University Press, 1975.
- Louisell W.H., Quantum statistical properties of radiation, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1973.
- Leader E., Spin in particle physics, Cambridge University Press, London, 2001.

PHY407 : Quantum Mechanics 2

Time-dependent perturbation theory: Two-Level Systems, Emission and Absorption of Radiation, Spontaneous Emission. Rabi Oscillations.

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Adiabatic approximation: The Adiabatic Theorem, Berry's Phase, Sudden approximation.

Scattering: Introduction, Scattering cross section, Partial Wave Analysis, The Born Approximation, Rutherford scattering, The Lippmann- Schwinger equation [Gri_ths, Chap. 9{11].

[16 hours]

Relativistic kinematics: Relativistic kinematics of scattering and reactions. Elastic, Inelastic reactions, Decay of a particle $A \rightarrow B+C$, $A+B \rightarrow C$, $P_+ \rightarrow P_-$! $P_+ \rightarrow P_+P_+ \rightarrow P_-$.

Relativistic quantum mechanics: Klein Gordon equation, plane-wave solutions, negative energy. Equation of continuity. The difficulties of the Klein-Gordon equation.

The Dirac equation: The free-particle Dirac equation in the Hamiltonian form.

The algebra of Dirac matrices, Plane wave solutions of the free-particle equation, the two-component form of the solution in the Dirac-Pauli representation, standard normalisation of the solutions. Non-relativistic reduction and g factor.

[16 hours]

Spin of the Dirac particle: Non-conservation of the angular momentum operator $\sim L$; the spin operator $\sim S$ and the conservation of $\sim J = \sim L + \sim S$. Helicity. A brief discussion of the hydrogen atom according to Dirac theory, energy spectrum of the hydrogen atom. Negative energy states and anti-particles. Dirac operators in the Heisenberg representation, velocity, zitterbewegung.

Field quantisation: The Lagrangian formalism for a Classical field; Euler-Lagrange equations. Quantisation of the electromagnetic field. Creation and annihilation operators. Number representation. Quantisation of the Dirac field.

[16 hours]

References

- Gri_ths D.J., Introduction to quantum mechanics, 2nd Edition, Pearson, India, 2005.
 - Sakurai J.J. and Tuan S.F. (Editor), Modern quantum mechanics, Addison Wesley, India, 1999.
 - Sakurai J.J., Advanced quantum mechanics, Addison-Wesley, Harlow, England, 1999. Sons, New York, 1987.
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- Gasiorowicz S., Elementary particle physics, John-Wiley, New York, 1966.
 - Muirhead H., The physics of elementary particles, Pergamon Press, London, 1965.

PHY411 : Condensed Matter Physics Lab

For those who have completed PHY311

Any eight of the following experiments :

- Determination of the paramagnetic susceptibility of the given salt by Quincke's method.
- Study of mercury spectrum by superimposing it on brass spectrum.
- Sodium spectrum analysis by using Edser-Butler fringes.
- Temperature coefficient of resistance of a thermistor.
- Analysis of the powder X-ray photograph of a simple cubic crystal.
- Thermionic work function of a metal (Richardson-Dushman formula).
- Energy gap of semiconductor.
- Determination of Stefan's constant.
- Frank Hertz experiment
- Magnetic hysteresis.
- Measurement of magneto resistance of semiconductors.

Total work load :2 day(s) per week × 4 hours × 16 weeks 128 hours

PHY412 : Nuclear Physics Lab

For those who have completed PHY312

Any eight of the following experiments

- Half-life of Indium-116 measurement.
- Energy Resolution of a NaI(Tl) scintillation spectrometer.
- Compton scattering determination of the rest energy of an electron.
- Beta absorption coefficient measurement.
- Dekatron as a counter of signals.
- Gamma-ray absorption coefficient measurement.
- End-point energy of beta particles by half thickness measurement.
- Common source amplifier.
- Astable multivibrator using timer IC 555.
- Dead time of the G.M. counter.

Total work load :2 day(s) per week × 4 hours × 16 weeks 128 hours

PHY415 : Radiation Physics and Dosimetry

Radioactivity: Radioactive decay law, Successive disintegration (No derivation), Secular equilibrium, Transient equilibrium, Natural Radioactive series, Units of radioactivity.

Background Radiation: Classification of Radiation, Background Radiation, Characteristic Radiation, Continuous Radiation. Radioactivity in Atmosphere. Radon, Properties of Radon, Origin of Radon, Radon in the atmosphere.

[16 hours]

Interaction of Photons with Matter: General Aspects, Attenuation Coefficients, Classical, Coherent and Incoherent Scattering, Photoelectric Effect, Pair Production.

Interactions of Charged Particles with Matter: General Aspects, Stopping Power Range, Heavy Charged Particles, Light Charged Particles, Energy Deposition, Radiation Yield, Bremsstrahlung Targets.

[16 hours]

Dosimetric principles, quantities and units: Fluence and energy fluence, Absorbed dose, Kerma, Inter relationships, Fluence and dose (electrons), Energy fluence and kerma

(photons), Kerma and dose (electronic equilibrium), Kerma and exposure. Inhalation dose, ingestion dose, working level.

Radiation Dosimeters and Detectors: Desirable properties, Ionization chambers and electrometers, Environmental dosimeters, TLD, Solid state Nuclear Track Detectors.

[16 hours]

Tutorial [32 hours]

References

- Krane K.S., Introductory nuclear physics, Wiley, New York, 1955.
- Krane K., Modern Physics, John Wiley and Sons, Inc. 1998.
- Evans R.D., The atomic nucleus, , Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1980.
- Wilkening M., Radon in the environment, Elsevier Science Publishers, AE Amsterdam, The Netherlands, 1990.
- Kapoor S.S. and Ramamoorthy V., Nuclear radiation detectors, Wiley Eastern, Bangalore, 2007.

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PHY416 : Nuclear Spectroscopy Methods

Ion implantation and backscattering spectroscopy: Ion implantation, Implantation technique, Ion beam di_usion, Thermal annealing and sputtering, Analysis techniques. Backscattering, Energy loss and straggling. Kinematics factor, di_erential scattering cross sections, depth scale, backscattering yield, instrumentation. Application to elemental and compound targets. Axial and planar half angles. Estimates of minimum yield. Lattice location of impurities, alignment procedures. Ion induced X-rays. Application of ion implantation.

[16 hours]

Compton scattering: Compton scattering from free electrons. E_ects of external potential. Klein-Nishina cross sections for polarized and unpolarized radiation. Compton pro_les, momentum distributions and impulse Compton pro_les. Calculation of Compton pro_les for electron models. Relativistic pro_le corrections: experimentation. Discussion of methodology including sources, detectors and geometry. Data accumulation, analysis and multiple scattering corrections. Discussion of experimental results for some simple metals, ionic and covalent crystals.

[16 hours]

Positron annihilation spectroscopy: The positron and its discovery, Positronium, its characteristics, formation. Spur model and Ore gap model of positronium formation. Quenching and enhancement. Theory of 2-gamma and 3-gamma annihilations. Positron and positronium states in solids: trapping of positrons. Two state trapping model. Experimental methods of positron annihilation spectroscopy: Positron lifetime techniques (PLT), Angular Correlation of Annihilation Radiation (ACAR), Doppler broadening (DB) and Coincidence DB. Methods of data analysis: PLT and ACAR. Experimental results of some metals and defected materials. Interpretation of the experimental results. PAS in the study of polymers. Multiparameter techniques. A brief mention of slow positron beams.

[16 hours]

References

- Townsend P.D., Kelly J.C. and Hartley N.E.W., Ion implantation, sputtering and their applications, Academic Press, London, 1976.

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- Chu W.K., Mayer J.W. and Nicholate Mar A.O., Backscattering spectroscopy, Academic Press, New York, 1978.
- Mayer J.W. and Rimini B. (Eds.), Ion beam handbook for material analysis, Academic Press, 1977.
- Williams B. (Ed.), Compton scattering, McGraw-Hill, New York, 1977.
- Hautojarvi P. (Ed.), Positrons in solids, Springer Verlag, New York, 1979.
- Fava R.A. (Ed.), Methods of experimental physics, Academic Press, New York, 1980.

- Schradev D.M. and Jean Y.C., Positron and positronium chemistry, Elsevier Science Publication, Amsterdam, 1988.
- Jayaram B., Mass spectrometry{Theory and applications, Plenum Press, New York, 1966.

PHY417 : Modern Optics

Polarization of light: Pure states and mixed states. Density operator, properties and equation of motion. Polarization of light, states of polarized light, Jones matrices, Jones formalism, Stokes parameters, Poincar_e sphere, Mueller matrices and Mueller formalism, Mueller matrices and their characterization, Few illustrative examples; comparison of Jones and Mueller formalisms. Pancharatnam phase, dynamical phase, cyclic evolution of polarization state on Poincar_e sphere; Applications of the concept of Pancharatnam phase,

[16 hours]

Quantum features of radiation _eld: Planck's law of radiation and Einstein coe_- cients, Thermal equilibrium, Semi-classical theory of two level atoms, quantum theory of B coe_ cient, Optical resonance, damping, Theory of chaotic light, coherence, temporal, spatial, mutual coherence, line broadening, natural and Doppler width, collision broadening.

[16 hours]

Quantized radiation _eld: Quantization of radiation _eld, States of radiation _eld; Fock states and phase eigenstates; Interaction of radiation with matter, theory of spontaneous emission; Coherent states and their properties, BCH formula, P, Q and Wigner 52 DoS in Physics, Univ. of Mysore, Mysuru 570 006, India

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distribution functions, Squeezed states of light and their properties; applications. Correlation functions, Brown-Twiss correlations.

[16 hours]

References

- Loudon R., The quantum theory of light, Clarendon Press, Oxford, 1973.
- Mandel L. and Wolf E., Optical coherence and quantum optics, Cambridge University Press, 1995.
- Louisell W.H., Quantum statistical properties of radiation, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1973.
- Blum K., Density matrix theory and applications, Plenum Press, New York, 1981.
- Pancharatnam S., Collected works, Oxford University Press, 1975.

PHY418 : Electronics

Transistor ampli_ers: BJT transistor modelling, Hybrid equivalent model, Voltage divider bias, CE and Emitter follower con_urations, Frequency response. Hybrid model equivalent circuit concept.

Feedback ampli_er: Feedback concept, Feedback connections type, Practical feedback circuits.

Oscillators: Oscillator operation, Phase shift oscillator, Wein-bridge oscillator, Crystal oscillator: BJT version.

FET ampli_ers: FET small signal model, Biasing of FET, Common drain common gate con_urations, MOSFETs, FET ampli_er and its frequency response.

[16 hours]

Operational ampli_ers: Concepts of di_erential ampli_er, Ideal op-amp, op-amp parameters, ideal voltage transfer curve, open loop and closed op-amp con_urations, inverting ampli_er, noninverting ampli_er, limitations of open loop op-amp con_urations.

Operational ampli_er applications: Summing, scaling and averaging ampli_ers, voltage to current converter with grounded load, current to voltage converter, integrator, di_erentiator, V to I and I to V converters, Log and antilog ampli_ers, Wave form generators, phase shift oscillator, Wein bridge oscillator. Non-linear circuit applications: Crossing detectors, 555 timer as a mono-stable and astable multivibrators, Active Filters|First and second order Low pass and High pass _lters, Butterworth _lters.

[16 hours]

Digital electronics: Boolean Laws and Theorems, addition and subtraction based on 1's and 2's complements, Families of gates, RS and JK ip-ops, The Master-Slave JK Flip-Flop, D and T ipops. Karnaugh maps for 3 and 4 variables, Decoders-BCD decoders, Encoders.

Combinational logic circuits: Shift registers-series, series in-series out and parallel in parallel out. Half and full adders, Registers, Counters - Binary Ripple Counters, Synchronous Binary counters, Counters based on Shift Registers, Synchronous counters, Synchronous Mod-6 Counter using clocked JK Flip-Flops. Synchronous Mod-6 Counter using clocked D, T, or SR Flip-Flops. Memory cells, memory registers

[16 hours]

References

- Boylestad R.L. and Nashelsky L., Electronic devices and circuit theory, 4th Edn., Pearson Education, 2006.
- Bell D.A., Operational amplifiers and linear circuits, 2nd Edn., Pearson Education, 2004.
- Gaekwad R.A., Operational amplifiers and linear integrated circuits, Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi, 1993.
- Malvino A.P. and Leach D.P., Digital principles and applications, 4th Edn., Tata McGraw Hill, 1988.
- Arivazhagan S. and Salivahananan S., Digital circuits and design, Vikash Publishing House Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi, 2001.

PHY419 : Biophysics

The broad characteristics of a typical cell-cell organelles-The molecular composition of a cell. Biological molecules and their general character-Cell behaviour-Viruses-Genetics and Biophysics. Molecular Physics. The conservation of energy in biological process-Metabolism or chemical energy turnover-Statistical thermodynamics and biology-The theory of absolute reaction rates-Thermal inactivation-The entropy transfer of living

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organisms-Information theory-Relation between information and entropy-Information content of some biological systems-Information content of a bacterial cell.

[16 hours]

Determination of size and shape of molecules-Random motion-diffusion-sedimentation-Optical methods-Rotational diffusion and birefringence. X-ray analysis and molecular structure-diffraction of x-rays-crystal structure and the unit cell. Diffraction patterns of some protein fibers-the structure of globular proteins-the structure of polypeptide chains-the pleated sheets and beta-keratin-the alpha-helix and alpha-keratin-the structure of nucleic acids polymers - the structure of nucleoproteins-the analysis of virus structures.

[16 hours]

Absorption spectroscopy-vibrations of polyatomic molecules-characteristic bond frequencies-Raman spectra and the dipolar nature of amino acids- the vibrational spectra of proteins-the energy levels of hydrogen bonded structures- Absorption coefficient and cross section- Experimental techniques for absorption measurements- Absorption by oriented dipoles-dichroic ratios of proteins and nucleic acids-electronic spectra of polyatomic molecules-Ultraviolet absorption by proteins and nucleic acids- The fine structure in spectra-Polarised ultra violet light- electron spin resonance(brief)-Nuclear magnetic resonance (brief).

[16 hours]

References

- Setlow R.B. and Pollard E.C., Molecular biophysics, Pergamon Press, London-Paris 1962.
- Volkenshtein M.V., Biophysics, Mir Publishers, Moscow, 1983.
- Sam K., Biophysics, Rajat Publication, 2005.
- Rodney C., Biophysics, John-Wiley, 2004.
- Glaser R., Biophysics-An introduction, Springer, 2004.

• Nihaluddin, A Textbook of biophysics, Sonali Publications, 2009.
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PHY421 : Nuclear Physics Lab 2

For those who have completed PHY313

Any _ve of the following experiments:

- Schmitt trigger.
- Variable delay line.
- Pulse recorder.
- Internal conversion using MCA.
- Feather analysis: End-point energy of beta rays measurement.
- Z dependence of external Bremsstrahlung radiation.
- Fermi-Kurie plot : Determination of the end-point energy of beta rays using a plastic scintillation detector.
- Dead time of a GM counter by two source method.
- Determination of source strength by gamma-gamma coincidence.
- Determination of source strength by beta-gamma coincidence.

Total work load :1 day(s) per week × 4 hours × 16 weeks 64 hours

PHY423 : Solid Stater Physics Lab 2

For those who have completed PHY314

Any _ve of the following experiments:

- Photovoltaic cell.
- Photoconductive cell.
- Hall e_ect in semiconductors.
- Determination of the energy gap of semiconductors by four-probe method.
- Temperature variation of the junction voltage of a p-n diode.
- Temperature variation of the reverse saturation current in a p-n diode.
- Depletion capacitance of a junction diode.
- Determination of material constant of an intrinsic semiconductor.
- Schottky e_ect.
- Ionic conductivity of an alkali halide crystal.
- Dielectric constant and its temperature variation.
- Ultrasonic velocity and elastic constants of a solid.
- Determination of Curie temperature of a magnetic material.

Total work load :1 day(s) per week × 4 hours × 16 weeks 64 hours

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PHY425 : Theoretical Physics Lab 2

For those who have completed PHY315

Any _ve of the following experiments:

1. Density matrix description of polarization of light.
2. Double scattering of spin-1/2 particles on spin-zero targets.
3. Second order QED processes (Compton scattering).
4. Evolution of matrix elements between coupled angular momentum states.
5. Dirac matrix representations.
6. Algebra of Dirac matrices.
7. Electron-proton scattering, Rosenbluth formula.
8. Relativistic kinematics-3: Study of decay and production processes.
9. Feynman diagrams and calculations.
10. Energy matrix calculation.

Total work load :1 day(s) per week × 4 hours × 16 weeks 64 hours

PHY431 : Minor Project